

ANTI-CHAMBERLAIN STORM UNLOOSED BY BELISHA'S OUSTER

Gen. Gough, Who Fought Soviets in 1919 in Baltic, Demands British Fleet Be Sent to Murmansk; Close to Chief of General Staff

By Philip Bolsover
(By Cable to the Daily Worker)

LONDON, Jan. 8.—The British Government has been startled and discomfited by the tremendous anti-Chamberlain uproar which followed the dismissal Saturday of War Secretary Leslie Hore-Belisha. Demands were made today for immediate recall of Parliament, but it is not expected to reassemble next Tuesday as previously decided.

The entire press is still suppressing any mention of the fact that the policy of the "Second Front"—the instigation of an anti-Soviet war in Finland—played an important part in the removal of Hore-Belisha. Behind the whole story nevertheless looms the anticipated anti-Soviet war.

A suitable footnote to the significance of the ouster of Hore-Belisha for opposing aid to White-Guard Finland was a call for war against the Soviet Union issued today by General Sir Hubert Gough.

"Sooner or later, I am convinced, we have to go to war with Russia," he said in a letter printed in the Birmingham Evening Despatch.

"We should send a naval squadron to Petsamo to destroy the Russian Fleet based in the Arctic Sea, to protect the left flank of the Finns and to blockade Murmansk."

CLASHED ON FINLAND

Gough is an old friend of General Sir Edmund Ironside, Chief of the Imperial General Staff. He was commander of anti-Soviet operations in the Baltic in 1919.

While concealing the role of the Finnish situation as the principal reason for the dismissal of the War Secretary, the press admitted today a clash between Hore-Belisha and General Ironside, declaring that this really was responsible for the downfall of the War Secretary.

That is the nearest the press has approached to the truth, though the story that the disagreement concerned the defenses of the British line in France leaves out the more important fact that Hore-Belisha stood in the way of the ruling clique's war plans for Scandinavia.

Ironside led the British intervention against the Soviet Union in the Murmansk and Archangel regions, adjacent to Finland, in 1918. He was the commander of the Allied troops at Archangel until October, 1919, when he was transferred to command of the Ismid force in

(Continued on Page 4)

Count Admits He 'Advised' Prospective Mannerheim Fliers

Makes 'Denial' in Daily News Interview of Recruiting for White Guard Fliers But Side-steps Sunday Worker Expose

By Ernest Mooror

Count Folke Bernadotte, in an interview published in yesterday's New York Daily News attempted to sidestep the Sunday Worker's revelation that he conducted negotiations for American aviators to fight for White Guard Finland, denied the charge but admitted giving "advice" to prospective military fliers. (The News' story, which was obviously a reply to the Sunday Worker expose, did not mention the Sunday Worker directly.)

Yonkers to Deport Relief Family to N. J.

Order Given by Judge in Drive to Clear County Rolls

WHITE PLAINS, N. Y., Jan. 8.—A drive in Yonkers to deport relief families who had at one time resided in other parts of the country, went forward here today when County Judge Frank H. Coyne granted the first order to the sheriff to remove a family within 20 days.

The victims are Mrs. Theresa Romano, a widow of 30 and her daughters, Rose Marie, 11 and Pauline, 7, who the judge claims left a job at Iselin, N. J., in October, 1938, and moved to Yonkers to enjoy its relief. This is the sort of "evidence" the Department of Welfare is collecting here to rid the county of as many welfare clients as it could "under the law," challenging residence status of families.

One family of seven, was scheduled to be deported to Ohio, but the case is under advisement by Judge Coyne because the family's head obtained a job thanks to newspaper publicity on his case.

Two Die in Blast Of Huge Brewery

PHILADELPHIA, Jan. 8.—Two men were killed today in an explosion at the brewery of Henry F. Ortlieb & Sons.

The bodies of Joseph Blase of Williamstown, N. J., and Maurice Le Roy Carl of Philadelphia, were pulled out of a 15-foot fermenting vat with ropes.

A PROFESSIONAL WHITE GUARD

"I am interested... because if Russia conquers Finland it will be fatal for all Scandinavia," the News quoted him as saying. Readers of the Sunday Worker story will recall that the Count has a long record of White Guard intrigue. The article quoted the New York Times' cable of Jan. 3, 1929, which reported that he was being groomed for the job of King of a

(Continued on Page 4)

Daily Worker

PEOPLES CHAMPION OF LIBERTY, PROGRESS, PEACE AND PROSPERITY

Vol. XVII, No. 8

NEW YORK TUESDAY, JANUARY 9, 1940

Entered as second-class matter at the Post Office at New York, N. Y., under the Act of March 3, 1879.

(8 Pages) Price 3 Cents

Weather
Local—Light snow and continued cold; fresh northerly winds.
Eastern New York—Light snow and continued cold.
New Jersey—Mostly cloudy; continued cold.

HOUSE VOTES 225 TO 144 TO TAKE UP GAVAGAN ANTI-LYNCHING BILL

Red Army's Scouts Push Forward in Karelia

Machine-Guns, Artillery
Active on Isthmus
During Day

(By Cable to the Daily Worker)

MOSCOW, Tuesday, Jan. 9.—While scouting patrols ranged ahead of the main Soviet positions, exchanges of rifle and machine gun fire and artillery duels took place on the Karelian Isthmus Monday, this morning's Red Army communique said.

The communique:

"Jan. 8.—Nothing important took place at the front. On the Ukhta, Repola and Petrozavodsk directions, there were activities of scouting patrols. On the Karelian Isthmus there were activities of scouts, rifle and machine gun firing and artillery duels. Owing to unfavorable weather the Soviet air force made only reconnaissance flights."

On Sunday the operations at the front were generally limited to scouting activities. On the sector north of Lake Ladoga, however, a White-Guard detachment was routed by the Soviet forces. The air force was grounded by bad weather.

USSR-Japan Commission on Border Meets

Mongolia - Manchuria
Line Parleys Held
at Harbin

(By Cable to the Daily Worker)

MOSCOW, Jan. 8.—The ninth session of the mixed commission of Soviet-Mongolian and Japanese-Manchukuoan delegates to fix the Mongolian-Manchukuoan frontier in the Lake Buir region of last year's battles met in Harbin yesterday, it was announced here today.

The announcement said: "The ninth session of the mixed commission to define the frontier between the Mongolian People's Republic and Manchukuo in the region of the recent conflict took place on Jan. 7, 1940, in the city of Harbin in the hotel housing the Japanese-Manchukuoan delegation. It was presided over by Kameyama, the delegate of the Manchukuo Government. The next session will be held Jan. 10 in the premises occupied by the Soviet-Mongolian delegation."

Connecticut CIO Hits FDR Budget Slashes, Scores 'Emergency Powers'

(Special to the Daily Worker)

HARTFORD, Jan. 8.—The executive board of the Connecticut CIO Council which met here over the weekend, adopted a series of resolutions sharply assailing President Roosevelt's budget slashing funds for social needs and boosting armament expenditures, demanding observance of "strict neutrality," opposing new emergency powers to the President and calling upon Congress to end the Dies Committee.

The resolutions, following the line already expressed in the CIO News, official national paper of the CIO, are a point-blank expression of labor's sentiment in this industrial state.

Immediate approval by the locals and pressure upon the respective Congressmen is expected to follow during

the coming days.

Expressing "keen disappointment" in President Roosevelt's budget message, the resolution declared that labor would not be able to support it.

Charging that the proposed budget marks "abandonment of social expenditures in favor of huge armaments" which can "only have the effect of enriching the corporate interests and impoverishing the rest of the population," the resolution says:

"1. Labor cannot lend itself to any support of President Roosevelt's budget because of its serious inadequacies and omissions and proposed drastic slashes in relief, WPA, NYA, agricultural benefit and other social necessary expenditures, and its huge and unwarranted provisions for armaments. (Continued on Page 4)

Sec'y Perkins Drops Bridges Deportation

Accepts Finding of Dean
Landis; Decision Blow
to Open Shoppers

WASHINGTON, Jan. 8 (UP).—Secretary of Labor Frances Perkins today cancelled a deportation warrant for Harry Bridges, Australian-born West Coast leader of the CIO maritime unions.

Miss Perkins accepted the findings of special trial examiner James M. Landis, Harvard Law School dean, that evidence produced by the government did not prove Bridges was a member of or affiliated with the U. S. Communist Party.

Her action brought to an end, temporarily at least, efforts of the Federal Immigration Service, aided by some West Coast residents (open shop interests) and the American Legion, to deport Bridges on charges of Communism.

These efforts have been continuing since Bridges emerged as a rank-and-file leader of the International Longshoremen's Association (ILA) in the 1934 longshoremen's strike and the accompanying San Francisco general strike.

"The report contains a complete analysis of the issues involved and of the testimony presented at the hearing," Miss Perkins said. "There was conflict of testimony between several of the government witnesses and the witnesses offered by the defense."

"The trial examiner's analysis of the testimony given by the witnesses and his evaluation of it is clear and comprehensive. He had an opportunity personally to observe the questioning and the answers and therefore was in a position to appraise both their veracity and the relative value and weight of their statements."

"I have examined and reviewed the report and the testimony."

"I find no error in the findings and conclusions of the trial examiner and therefore approve his report. The warrant of arrest is cancelled accordingly."

Daladier Breaks Ankle

PARIS, Jan. 8 (UP).—Premier Edouard Daladier broke his ankle in an accident Sunday, it was announced today.



HARRY BRIDGES

Rally Branches For Browder's Campaign

14th Cong. Election
Testing Ground for '40,
Says Amter

New York State Chairman Israel Amter and State Secretary Charles Krumboltz yesterday issued an appeal to all branches of the Communist Party in the city to get behind the candidacy of Earl Browder in the 14th Congressional District, where the election of Feb. 6 will be a "testing ground" for 1940.

Not since Eugene V. Debs, who drew a million votes while imprisoned for his opposition to war, has there been as dramatic a candidacy as that of Browder, the appeal stressed.

The branches were requested to immediately contribute a minimum of \$20 each toward financing the campaign in the East Side district.

AMTER'S STATEMENT

The statement follows: "Earl Browder, the man whom, above all others, the war-mongers are trying to silence, is now running for Congress!"

Not since Eugene V. Debs polled over one million votes while serving a prison term for opposing the last imperialist war, has there been such a dramatic and vital candidacy.

Governor Lehman ordered a special election on February 6 in the 14th Congressional District to fill the vacancy left by the death

(Continued on Page 3)

FDR Invites GOP Into 'National Unity' Behind War Plans

Turncoat Jackson Day Speech Makes a Hero of
Hamilton, Rebukes Jefferson's Enthusiasm
for French Revolution

By Adam Lapin

(Daily Worker Washington Bureau)

WASHINGTON, Jan. 8.—President Roosevelt, in a mellow "non-partisan" speech tonight before Democratic politicians who could afford to pay \$100 a plate at the annual Jackson Day Dinner, signalled the kind of "national unity" he wants by embracing the memory of the reactionary

Alexander Hamilton and rebuking Thomas Jefferson for his enthusiasm for the French Revolution.

Roosevelt said that Alexander Hamilton, the Federalist who had proposed a Monarchy for America, was a hero to him and that Thomas Jefferson was another "despite the fact that theories of the French Revolutionists at times over-excited his practical judgment." The President spoke largely in a light vein—but his remarks were very much in keeping with his new policy of "national unity" behind a program of scuttling the reforms of the New Deal and preparing for war. It was a far cry from the speech he made a year ago at the same ballroom on the same occasion.

It was too bad that the three Republican Congressional leaders who were invited to partake of the food and the speech-making free of charge didn't come—because they would hardly have been able to object to what the President said.

He wise-cracked, told funny stories, generalized about good government, kidded the Republican leaders a little but wound up by assuring them they "are grand fellows, liked by me and by every Democrat in the Congress."

Roosevelt's speech was far from the principles of Old Hickory who was ostensibly being honored at the same time that funds were being collected for the Democratic Party. For Andrew Jackson didn't retreat before the entrenched power of wealth and reaction. He smashed Nicholas Biddle and the Bank of the United States.

Last year he told the reactionaries in the Democratic Party straight from the shoulder that they ought to take a walk and join

(Continued on Page 4)

Southern Tory Bloc Threatens Filibuster

Reactionaries Hope to
Bury Bill in Com-
mittee

(Daily Worker Washington Bureau)

WASHINGTON, D. C., Jan. 8.—By a margin of 225 to 144, the House agreed today to take up the Gavagan anti-lynching bill. Actual debate on the measure will begin tomorrow.

With this vote the House discharged the reactionary Rules Committee from further consideration of the bill. The measure had been bottled up for some time in the Rules Committee, and it had earlier been pigeon-holed for several months in the House Judiciary Committee.

Today's decisive majority backed up the petition signed by 218 members at the end of the last session to discharge the rules committee. Both the CIO and A. F. of L., together with numerous progressive organizations have urged passage of the bill.

In view of today's test vote and the commitment of a large majority of Congressmen to support the bill, passage is considered virtually assured Wednesday.

The strategy of the Tory Southern Bloc opposing anti-lynching legislation, however, is to attempt to tie the bill up in the Senate Judiciary Committee indefinitely. If this move fails, Southern Senators are then expected to undertake a prolonged filibuster.

As a result of recent moves by the President and other officials to heal the breach in the Democratic Party around a "national unity program," the anti-lynching issue has become a political hot potato for the Administration.

The Administration does not want

(Continued on Page 4)

NAACP Asks Full Congress For Vote on Anti-Lynch Bill

Walter White, secretary of the National Association for the Advancement of Colored People, yesterday urged friends of the anti-lynching bill to demand that their congressmen be present on the floor of the House next Monday when the anti-lynching bill comes up.

White, who expressed the opinion that the active indignation of the American people against lynching is spreading fast, said that the N. A. A. C. P. is distributing 20,000 copies of its investigators' report on the lynching of Joe Rodgers in Canton, Miss., last May.

Joe Rodgers was lynched after an argument with a lumber plant foreman, who struck the Negro worker with a shovel. Rodgers was later tied hand and foot, his body

(Continued on Page 4)

Boulder Dam 'Bomb Plot' -- A Dangerous Frame-up

The American people witnessed yesterday a gigantic war hysteria conspiracy concocted by J. Edgar Hoover of the Department of Justice in cooperation with the press.

Walter Winchell led off the conspiracy on Sunday night with one of his flash-flash, baited-breath radio announcements about an FBI investigation of a "plot" to "bomb" Boulder dam—a plot with which, it was insinuated, the Communists were somehow connected.

Monday morning, the phony story was headlined by the Hearst press (Winchell's employer). But it remained for the "liberal" Post to scream its lungs out at noon for Hoover's "sabotage" story.

Huge headlines in the Post shouted: "Plot to Blow Up Boulder Dam Probed by F.B.I., Says Hoover." The dispatch, from the United Press, started out by quoting Hoover himself. But the next to the last paragraph of this same dispatch gave the whole game away. It read:

"John C. Page, Commissioner of Reclamation, who

has charge of the dam, said that to his knowledge the investigation had revealed no basis for the plot rumors." Despite this indication that the whole story was a frame-up, the Post did not hesitate to perpetrate the fraud upon its readers.

But the story does not end there. Apparently stung by Page's statement that he knew of no basis for the plot rumors, J. Edgar Hoover himself felt it necessary to retract later in the day.

Early yesterday afternoon (at 12:55 P.M.) the United Press sent out a new first paragraph for the "bomb plot" dispatch. This read:

"WASHINGTON, Jan. 8 (UP).—The Justice Department today announced that an investigation by G-Men had disclosed no evidence of sabotage against Boulder Dam and its approaches."

What did the "liberal" Post do when it received this flat denial of its screaming headlines? How did it keep

faith with its readers? In its next edition, the Post kept the same misleading headline. "F.B.I. Probes Boulder Dam Plot—Blast Feared, Says Hoover" the Post shouted. Then, half-way down the column, the Post sheepishly inserted a sentence to the effect that no evidence of sabotage had been found.

It is clear that the Department of Justice and the press are using the most despicable tactics (just like Hitler's Reichstag fire frame-up in Berlin!) in its plot to frame the trade unions and the Communist Party and speed the country into war.

This incident is an ominous preview of more dirty work to come. It is part of the drive being conducted, under the guise of "sabotage," to destroy the labor movement—a drive initiated by Attorney General Murphy after his recent trip to Detroit. It should be protested by everyone who wants to see civil and labor rights preserved and American boys kept out of the trenches.

MEXICAN PAPER, LINKED TO BRITAIN, STIRS REBELLION

Seeks to Provoke Armed Uprising by Reporting Non-Existence 'Revolts' in Provinces; Even Spreads Rumor That President Was Shot

By Alfred Miller
(Special to the Daily Worker)

MEXICO CITY, Jan. 8.—Twice last week the reactionary, British-supported newspaper El Excelsior has made efforts to create unrest in this country and to prepare the ground for an armed rebellion by printing false and alarming accounts of non-existent "uprisings."

Early in the week, the evening edition of this paper, called Ultimas Noticias, spoke of an armed uprising in the States of Sinaloa and Zacatecas. Thursday night the same sheet declared that "according to information coming from New York," President Lazaro Cardenas had been assassinated.

There is, beyond question, method in this apparent madness. The story was not printed for the benefit of readers in this capital. The falsehood is too obvious.

But in Mexico's great hinterland, where the people do not know that the paper is "kept" by the British and French, even such a story finds credence. It takes days and sometimes weeks to prove the falsity and then the damage is done. People will learn that President Cardenas is very much alive but because of the immensity of the lie they will be sure that there was at least an attempt at his life.

Ultimas Noticias maintained that "the news agencies United Press and International News Service, the latter one serving the newspaper chain belonging to magnate William Randolph Hearst, distributed dispatches from Mexico City this afternoon confirming rumors of an attempt against the life of President Lazaro Cardenas."

The New York office of the United Press, it has been learned, was forced to cable here that it had "never received nor published anywhere reports of Cardenas' death" and that it had merely queried the Mexico City office regarding the reports of "another news agency."

MONOPOLISTS' WISH

There are powerful interests in this country as well as in the United States and England which would like to see Cardenas dead and Mexico herself in the throes of a rebellion. The elimination of President Cardenas would suit every reactionary and capitalist in

this country. General Juan Andrew Almazan would then have a chance to become President. It would suit to perfection the desires of the Standard Oil and Hearst and the British Royal Dutch Shell.

With Cardenas murdered and a rebellion in progress in Mexico, these interests could surely count on intervention of the United States Government. Already Dollar Diplomacy has taken the place of what used to be known as the Good Neighbor Policy.

The Roosevelt Administration has not only threatened to intervene in the oil conflict but this intervention is already effective. Mexico was excluded from "favored nation" position, an action which permits duties below regular schedules on oil imports from Venezuela but not from Mexico. The blow to Mexico's currency, with the peso valued at six to the dollar, is also considered an effort to bring this country to its knees in order to solve the oil conflict in the "amicable" way.

Since Cardenas and the Mexican people still refuse to return their rich oil fields, there remains always the old method of having a stubborn President killed and fomenting rebellion at the same time. Direct intervention would follow. For a remuneration certain newspapers are always ready to play the game of United States and British imperialism.

But Cardenas is still very much alive. And the Mexican people, with their powerful progressive organizations, are on the alert. They have not forgotten the bombardment of Vera Cruz by U. S. battleships in 1914 and they still remember the invasion led by General John J. Pershing in 1916. Dollar Diplomacy and Yankee imperialism are nothing new to them and today they are better prepared to fight.

Enemies of Republic Unite to Okay Bill For Irish Oppression

Mulcahey and Farnan Added to Council Which Meets for First Time to Act on Special Powers Act

DUBLIN, Jan. 8.—For the first time since it was created in 1937, the Council of State met here tonight to put a stamp of reactionary approval on the new bill empowering the government to imprison without trial persons suspected of acts inimical to the state.

President Douglas Hyde, after the conference decided to refer the new bill to the Supreme Court for an opinion on its constitutionality. The Special Powers Act, passed in the Dail Eireann (Parliament) last week, was aimed directly at the Irish Republican Army. The immediate aim of the I. R. A. is the ending of the partition of Ireland.

President Douglas Hyde calling the Council for the first time, added six additional members to it, including Gen. Richard Mulcahey, former Free State army head who conducted bitter reprisals against I. R. A. men in the days immediately following the Free State treaty which betrayed the Irish people.

The President is directed under the Constitution to call the Council before submitting a bill to the Supreme Court. He does not, however, have to follow the Council's advice.

The Council previously was comprised only of Prime Minister Eamon de Valera, Deputy Prime Minister Sean O'Kelly, U. S. Chief Justice and President of the High Court, the Chairman of the Dail, the Chairman of the Senate, the Attorney-General and William T. Cosgrave, President of the Irish Free State from 1922 to 1932 and leader of the reactionary Fine Gael Party.

They will be joined on the Council also by James M. Dillon, Labor

10 Die in Wreck Of French Patrol Ship

VIGO, Spain, Jan. 8 (UP).—The French patrol ship Barsac ran aground and was wrecked on Onza Island at the mouth of the Marne River today. Ten persons were listed as missing and 45 were rescued.

The Barsac, a vessel of 1,049 tons, formerly was a merchant vessel. It was taken over and armed for war service. The ship, caught in a severe storm, was battered into wreckage before ships could respond to its distress calls.

Photos of Soviet Patrol Units Used by Press Here To Bolster Campaign of Lies for Finnish White Guard Lords



Soviet Ski Troops; Press Turned Them Into Finn White Guards

SOVIET SKI PATROLS have been "transformed" into Finnish White-Guards by American newspapers as part of the campaign to incite war against the Soviet Union. News photographs from the Soviet Union have been distributed by photo agencies with captions reporting that the white-clad soldiers shown in the pictures are "Finnish troops." The Daily Worker has uncovered two such instances of falsification. In both instances the Soviet troops are not even stationed on the western frontier of the Soviet Union, but on the Far Eastern frontier!

One photograph (shown right) shows two Red Army men on the Eastern frontier of the U.S.S.R. The original caption, on the Sovfoto original printed in the U.S.S.R., runs: "Photokhronika TASS/298767 (Tschernov) / February 1939. Forthcoming 21st anniversary of the Red Army and Navy. Photo shows: Camouflage (Eastern frontier of the USSR)." This photograph was reprinted by the Jersey Observer of Jan. 2, 1940, and the Buffalo Courier-Express of Jan. 3 with the following identical caption: "HE'S HUNTING BEAR—Dressed to kill, so to speak, is this Finnish ski trooper, who, in his white garments is all but invisible against the snow-clad mountain-side. This chap is scanning a mountain pass for sign of any invading Russians. Even his dog, you'll note, wears

camouflage—provided by nature." Obviously, in view of the identical captions, this photo was distributed by a national photo agency. The forgery is all the more blatant in that there are no mountains on the Soviet-Finnish frontier, but a country of lakes and forests. This picture was printed with a true caption in the Daily Worker of Jan. 2, 1940.

The Seattle Star, Scripps-League paper, printed the photo on the left on Dec. 28, 1939. The caption, with utter and ignorant disdain for truth, ran: "STEAL INTO RUSSIAN LINES—These Finnish soldiers in ghostly white are turning the tide of war on the Russian front. Creeping invisible [apparently "invisible" is meant] back of the Red lines they are cutting troops' units, supplies." The Daily Worker ran the self-same photograph, bought from Sovfoto agency, on July 4, 1937—two and a half years ago—with the following caption: "Border guards in the Far Eastern Patrol who with their faithful dogs and the aid of camouflaged white costumes are capturing spies trying to invade the borders of the Soviet Union."

Both photographs were falsified in an attempt to inflate the reports of White-Guard Finnish ski warfare to nonsensical victories. However, they actually contradict the press lies about the Red Army showing that it has long concentrated on ski troop training.

Ballad for Americans To Feature Lenin Rally in Garden

Radio's smash hit, "Ballad for Americans," will be presented at the Lenin memorial meeting in Madison Square Garden on Monday, Jan. 22. It was announced today.

First introduced to the radio audience on the "Pursuit of Happiness" program over a month ago, this flaming tribute to democracy and the toiling people was recalled for a second hearing after an unprecedented flood of congratulatory messages.

Reserved seats for the memorial meeting are now on sale at all workers' bookshops and at the state offices of the Communist Party, 35 E. 12th St.

New Sub to Dive Where Squalus Sank

PORTSMOUTH, N. H., Jan. 8 (UP).—The submarine Sea Raven will begin deep diving tests tomorrow off the Isles of Shoals where the submarine Squalus sank May 23 with a loss of 26 lives.

Harold C. Preble, civilian naval architect and one of 33 men rescued by diving bell from the Squalus, will be an observer on the Sea Raven during its tests.

Milwaukee Lenin Rally To Hear Browder, Jan. 18

Mother Bloor to Be Main Speaker at Detroit Memorial, Jan. 21; William Weinstone to Speak at Cleveland

MILWAUKEE, Wis., Jan. 8.—Earl Browder, General Secretary of the Communist Party, will be the main speaker at a Lenin memorial meeting here in the Milwaukee Auditorium, Thursday, Jan. 18, at 8:00 P.M.

As America's foremost spokesman for peace, Browder will reveal the forces that are at-

tempting to drag America into war, the reasons for the wave of anti-Soviet incitements now sweeping the land, the truth about Finland, and the dangers confronting American labor and the rest of the common people today.

Browder has appeared many times before Milwaukee audiences, and has won a considerable following here by his clear, incisive presentation of his ideas, and the program of his Party.

MOTHER BLOOR IN DETROIT

(Special to the Daily Worker)
DETROIT, Jan. 18.—Mother Ella Reeve Bloor, veteran labor and Communist leader, will speak in

Communist League of Cleveland are sponsoring a mass rally for Sunday, January 21, 2 P. M. in the Music Hall of Public Auditorium to explain the true state of affairs in our country and abroad.

This meeting will be a political rally in the drive to keep the United States out of war and to mobilize the people to fight back the Wall Street-Washington attack on the living conditions of the workers.

W. W. Weinstone, director of the New York Workers School, who has hundreds of friends in Cleveland, will be the main speaker. Henry Winston, popular national administrative secretary of the Young Communist League, also well known to Cleveland youth, will speak on the youth and this war. Andrew R. Onda, County Secretary of the Communist Party, will be chairman.

DETROIT, Sunday, Jan. 21, at 2 P.M. at the Mayflower Ballroom, Woodward St. at corner of Watson St.

Accompanying the 70-year-old labor fighter, will be Elmer Johnson, state secretary of the Michigan Communist Party, who will deal with the struggle against the imperialist war and the need for Detroit's people organizing to stop the wave of reaction and war-mongering now sweeping the city, incited by the Father Coughlins, Gerald L. K. Smiths and other "professional patriots."

WEINSTONE IN CLEVELAND

(Special to the Daily Worker)
CLEVELAND, Ohio, Jan. 8.—The Communist Party and the Young

Italians Get Ration Cards, So Do Britain and Ireland

ROME, Jan. 8 (UP).—Food-ration cards were issued today, to become effective probably in about two weeks. Issuance of the cards began just two days after a radio announcement that "it may be necessary" to limit the consumption of "certain products."

Every Italian must have his ration card by Jan. 15 or he will be unable to get his quota when rationing is invoked, it was announced.

The cards contain two coupons—one for staple products which can be bought on a monthly basis, such as flour and sugar, the other for perishables which must be bought daily, such as meat, fish and butter.

The only product mentioned officially for rationing was coffee, which will be limited to 40 grams a month a person for home use.

RATIONS BEGIN IN BRITAIN

LONDON, Jan. 8 (UP).—Food rationing went into effect today throughout Britain and Northern Ireland.

Butter, sugar, ham and bacon rationing began today and meat rationing is due within a month. Twelve ounces of sugar are allowed each person per week, with the other foods limited to four ounces a week.

Chinese Report New Gains on Several Fronts

Japanese Throw in Large Forces in Several Thrusts, But Many Are Killed; 3,000 Lost in One Sector

(By Cable to the Daily Worker)

CHUNGKING, China, Jan. 8.—Chinese continued to hold the edge in local operations which have been becoming more frequent recently, military dispatches today showed.

On Jan. 4 the Chinese opened a local offensive against Japanese positions in the southern section of Hupeh province, near Tungcheng, south of Hankow.

On New Year's Day the Japanese made a vain attack with 10,000 troops, supported by warplanes and artillery, against the Chinese forces in the Changchi sector. The Japanese were halted without gains, losing 3,000 killed and wounded.

In southern Honan province near Siyang, north of Hankow on the railway to Peiping, the Japanese retreated to their original positions. They had lost about 800 men killed and wounded as well as several tanks disabled and destroyed.

On Dec. 28, while Chinese troops were attacking Japanese positions at Paotow, soldiers of a puppet government regiment rebelled against the Japanese.

The rebels slew their Japanese "advisor" and joined nearby Chinese troops of the National Government.

Chinese troops continued to hold the offensive north of Canton.

Continuing their advance southwards, Chinese troops drove the enemy from several villages in this district.

Increased activity of Chinese troops was reported in the Nanning district of Kwangsi province where

they occupied several villages south of Nanning.

Delayed reports reaching here revealed that the Japanese division commanded by Tanaka lost some 4,000 killed and wounded in hostilities in Central Hupeh province during the last ten days of December. Chinese troops captured 51 machine guns and other equipment.

Nazis Tell Poles To Surrender All Radio Sets

BERLIN, Jan. 8 (UP).—The Governor General of former Polish territory now under German rule today ordered that all radios in territory under his authority, except those belonging to Germans, be turned in to the police by Jan. 25. Germans, and in special cases Ukrainians, need only to report radios in their possession.

The Governor General also issued new regulations empowering local authorities to extend compulsory "labor duty" to those between the ages of 14 and 18.

LENIN

MEMORIAL MEETING

SPEAKERS:

Earl Browder

Wm. Z. Foster

MADISON SQ. GARDEN

MONDAY, JAN. 22, 7:30

• Reserve Seats Now!
• Every Reserved Seat Numbered

Admission: 40c, 55c, 83c, \$1.10
forty cent tickets sold at Madison Sq. Garden box office

Red Army Will Crush Finnish White Guards as Decisively as It Defeated Intervention in 1920 -- Pravda

(By Cable to the Daily Worker)

MOSCOW, Jan. 8.—The Finnish White-Guard war against the Soviet Union, instigated by the British and French imperialists, will be crushed by the Red Army just as 20 years ago the Red Army vanquished the Russian White-Guard armies paid and equipped by Britain and France, Pravda declared today.

The imperialists in London and Paris who today are plotting a general war upon the Soviet Union should remember that their counter-revolutionary intervention against the young Soviet Republic in 1918-1920, when the socialist country was not yet "the mighty socialist power" it is today, also failed, it was emphasized by Pravda.

Pravda, which is the central organ of the Communist Party of the Soviet Union, gave this warning today in an article devoted to the 20th anniversary of the Red Army's recapture of Rostov from the counter-revolutionary bands of tsarist General Denikin, the British-French puppet.

"We can be certain that the Finnish White-Guard warmongers will meet with the same fate as overtaken Denikin and his followers 20 years ago," said Pravda. "This time as well the Red Army will again perform in honorable fashion the task entrusted to it."

"The young Soviet Republic of the workers and the peasants made great sacrifices to create and forge in a famine-stricken and ruined country the unconquerable armed

forces of the proletarian revolution," Pravda added.

"For the peoples of the Soviet fatherland, inspired and guided by Lenin and Stalin, were resolved to defend the state in which the workers and peasants held power, the state which was independent of the European and American imperialists."

IMPERIALISTS' FAITHFUL HOUNDS

The Communist Party organ informed the Chamberlains and the Daladlers that the Soviet people and their government saw through the whole tricky scheme of the imperialists to crush the U.S.S.R.

"In all the 20 years since the defeat of Denikin," said Pravda, "the Anglo-French imperialists have not given up their evil intentions and have cherished the hope of undermining the power of the Soviet fatherland. But they failed and will never succeed!"

"Today the Anglo-French warmongers have unleashed their faithful hounds, the Mannerheims and the Tanners, the hated oppressors of the Finnish working peoples. The ruling classes of Britain and France have assigned to the Mannerheims and the Tanners the role of their vanguard, the struggle against the land of Soviets."

"By order of the Soviet Government, the heroic regiments of the Red Army and the ships of the navy began the defense of the City of Lenin [Leningrad] and

the northwestern frontier of the Soviet state, came to the assistance of the Finnish People's Government and together with the best sons of the Finnish people is fighting for their liberation from the slave-merchants of the Mannerheim stormtroop bands."

Pravda highlighted the significance of the Rostov victory as a triumph of Joseph Stalin's gifted leadership at the battlefield. It wrote:

"On Jan. 8, 1920, regiments of the Red Army routed and swept from their path shock units of officers and Cossacks under General Denikin, and occupied the city of Rostov, then the capital of the Russian Vendee." [The Vendee was the center of the monarchist counter-revolution during the bourgeois French Revolution of 1789-1793, and refers to any similar counter-revolutionary district.]

"The occupation of Rostov by the Red cavalry operating under Voroshilov [Kliment Voroshilov, today People's Commissar of Defense and Marshal of the Soviet Union] and Budyenny [Simeon Budyenny, today Assistant People's Commissar of Defense and also a Marshal of the Soviet Union] signified the utter defeat, the end of Denikin, the end of the Southern Front which in those memorable months was the main front of the young Republic of Labor."

"The capture of Rostov was the brilliant completion of Stalin's strategic plan for the defeat of the

general's counter-revolution in South Russia.

STALIN DIRECTED CAMPAIGN

"Stalin was the organizer of the defeat of Denikin. Under his direct leadership, the Red troops on the Southern front routed the shock divisions and regiments of General Denikin."

"During the 20 years since the defeat of the armies of the generals, landlords and foreign interventionists, the socialist fatherland has become a mighty socialist power."

"The towns and villages which the regiments of the Red Army too, by battle 20 years ago, winning every inch with their own blood, have changed beyond recognition."

"Take Rostov itself. On its streets where 20 years ago the Red cavalry first galloped by, tall apartment buildings, palaces of culture, theaters and schools have sprung up and huge industrial plants stand on once vacant plots of land."

"The Red Army treasures as sacred and inviolable the fighting traditions of the Civil War. The past year was a year of test in battle of the armed forces of the land of socialism. The Red Army, in deeds, in battles with the violators of the frontiers of the friendly Mongolian People's Republic, in battles for the liberation of our kindred Ukrainian and Byelo-Russian brothers from the yoke of the Polish gentry, showed its strength and invincibility."

Minneapolis Unions Demand Probe of Fire Where 19 Died

Escapes Death



Mrs. Zella Flynn, who expects a baby soon, is shown in Detroit hospital being comforted by her husband. Trapped on the third floor of a burning building, she leaped to safety in a fire net.

Snow Blankets Most of U. S., More Expected

Two in South Freeze to Death; West Escapes

(By United Press)

Snow blanketed most of the nation yesterday and temperatures dropped below normal. Only the extreme South and West escaped the wintry blasts.

At least 18 deaths were attributed to the cold and to accidents resulting from the snowfall. Two persons froze to death, one in Chattanooga, Tenn., and the other in Atlanta, Ga. At Henderson, Tex., a man died of a heart attack which physicians said was induced by the cold.

The snow and cold extended from New England to Macon, Ga., in the East. Coast Guard icebreakers at New York ploughed the Hudson River and nearby channels which were ice-bound after a 16-day cold spell. A low temperature of 25 degrees was predicted for Atlanta where yesterday rain mixed with snow fell from freeze.

The coldest weather since 1917 was reported on the east coast of North Carolina which normally is semi-tropical because it extends almost into the Gulf stream. Sleet fell after the second snow in more than 20 years. The ice extended westward into Virginia and West Virginia.

Continued cold and light snow in some areas was forecast by eastern states U. S. weather bureaus. Intense cold was expected to continue until Friday in the northeast. The temperature was 65 in Miami, Fla.

Middle western weather bureaus reported that the snow extended over most of the Missouri, upper Mississippi and Ohio River valleys and the southern Great Lakes area. The storms began Friday on the eastern slopes of the Rockies and moved eastward and extended as far south as Texas. Twelve inches of snow was reported by stations in Nebraska, Kansas, Iowa, Missouri and southern Illinois. Farmers in the drought stricken plains states welcomed the snowfall. New Orleans, La., reported a temperature of 41 degrees.

ONTARIO HAS COLD WEEK-END

TORONTO, Ont., Jan. 8 (UP).—Ontario was recovering today from one of its coldest week-ends in the past four years.

Temperatures ranged from Toronto's official zero to 34 below at Roches Point.

Only the Niagara and Windsor districts escaped the cold.

WANT-ADS

Rates per word

Daily Sunday

1 time 07 .08

2 times 13 .14

3 times 19 .20

4 times 25 .26

5 times 31 .32

6 times 37 .38

7 times 43 .44

8 times 49 .50

9 times 55 .56

10 times 61 .62

11 times 67 .68

12 times 73 .74

13 times 79 .80

14 times 85 .86

15 times 91 .92

16 times 97 .98

17 times 1.03 1.04

18 times 1.09 1.10

19 times 1.15 1.16

20 times 1.21 1.22

21 times 1.27 1.28

22 times 1.33 1.34

23 times 1.39 1.40

24 times 1.45 1.46

25 times 1.51 1.52

26 times 1.57 1.58

27 times 1.63 1.64

28 times 1.69 1.70

29 times 1.75 1.76

30 times 1.81 1.82

31 times 1.87 1.88

32 times 1.93 1.94

33 times 1.99 2.00

34 times 2.05 2.06

35 times 2.11 2.12

36 times 2.17 2.18

37 times 2.23 2.24

38 times 2.29 2.30

39 times 2.35 2.36

40 times 2.41 2.42

41 times 2.47 2.48

42 times 2.53 2.54

43 times 2.59 2.60

44 times 2.65 2.66

45 times 2.71 2.72

46 times 2.77 2.78

47 times 2.83 2.84

48 times 2.89 2.90

49 times 2.95 2.96

50 times 3.01 3.02

51 times 3.07 3.08

52 times 3.13 3.14

53 times 3.19 3.20

54 times 3.25 3.26

55 times 3.31 3.32

56 times 3.37 3.38

57 times 3.43 3.44

58 times 3.49 3.50

59 times 3.55 3.56

60 times 3.61 3.62

61 times 3.67 3.68

62 times 3.73 3.74

63 times 3.79 3.80

64 times 3.85 3.86

65 times 3.91 3.92

66 times 3.97 3.98

67 times 4.03 4.04

68 times 4.09 4.10

69 times 4.15 4.16

70 times 4.21 4.22

71 times 4.27 4.28

72 times 4.33 4.34

73 times 4.39 4.40

74 times 4.45 4.46

75 times 4.51 4.52

76 times 4.57 4.58

77 times 4.63 4.64

78 times 4.69 4.70

79 times 4.75 4.76

80 times 4.81 4.82

81 times 4.87 4.88

82 times 4.93 4.94

83 times 4.99 5.00

84 times 5.05 5.06

85 times 5.11 5.12

86 times 5.17 5.18

87 times 5.23 5.24

88 times 5.29 5.30

89 times 5.35 5.36

90 times 5.41 5.42

91 times 5.47 5.48

92 times 5.53 5.54

93 times 5.59 5.60

94 times 5.65 5.66

95 times 5.71 5.72

96 times 5.77 5.78

97 times 5.83 5.84

98 times 5.89 5.90

99 times 5.95 5.96

100 times 6.01 6.02

101 times 6.07 6.08

102 times 6.13 6.14

103 times 6.19 6.20

104 times 6.25 6.26

105 times 6.31 6.32

106 times 6.37 6.38

107 times 6.43 6.44

108 times 6.49 6.50

109 times 6.55 6.56

110 times 6.61 6.62

111 times 6.67 6.68

112 times 6.73 6.74

113 times 6.79 6.80

114 times 6.85 6.86

115 times 6.91 6.92

116 times 6.97 6.98

117 times 7.03 7.04

118 times 7.09 7.10

119 times 7.15 7.16

120 times 7.21 7.22

121 times 7.27 7.28

122 times 7.33 7.34

123 times 7.39 7.40

124 times 7.45 7.46

125 times 7.51 7.52

126 times 7.57 7.58

127 times 7.63 7.64

128 times 7.69 7.70

129 times 7.75 7.76

130 times 7.81 7.82

131 times 7.87 7.88

132 times 7.93 7.94

133 times 7.99 8.00

134 times 8.05 8.06

135 times 8.11 8.12

136 times 8.17 8.18

137 times 8.23 8.24

138 times 8.29 8.30

139 times 8.35 8.36

140 times 8.41 8.42

141 times 8.47 8.48

142 times 8.53 8.54

143 times 8.59 8.60

144 times 8.65 8.66

145 times 8.71 8.72

146 times 8.77 8.78

147 times 8.83 8.84

148 times 8.89 8.90

149 times 8.95 8.96

150 times 9.01 9.02

151 times 9.07 9.08

152 times 9.13 9.14

153 times 9.19 9.20

154 times 9.25 9.26

155 times 9.31 9.32

156 times 9.37 9.38

157 times 9.43 9.44

158 times 9.49 9.50

159 times 9.55 9.56

160 times 9.61 9.62

161 times 9.67 9.68

162 times 9.73 9.74

163 times 9.79 9.80

164 times 9.85 9.86

165 times 9.91 9.92

166 times 9.97 9.98

167 times 10.03 10.04

168 times 10.09 10.10

169 times 10.15 10.16

170 times 10.21 10.22

171 times 10.27 10.28

172 times 10.33 10.34

173 times 10.39 10.40

174 times 10.45 10.46

175 times 10.51 10.52

176 times 10.57 10.58

177 times 10.63 10.64

178 times 10.69 10.70

179 times 10.75 10.76

180 times 10.81 10.82

181 times 10.87 10.88

182 times 10.93 10.94

183 times 10.99 11.00

184 times 11.05 11.06

185 times 11.11 11.12

186 times 11.17 11.18

187 times 11.23 11.24

188 times 11.29 11.30

189 times 11.35 11.36

190 times 11.41 11.42

191 times 11.47 11.48

192 times 11.53 11.54

193 times 11.59 11.60

194 times 11.65 11.66

195 times 11.71 11.72

196 times 11.77 11.78

197 times 11.83 11.84

198 times 11.89 11.90

199 times 11.95 11.96

200 times 12.01 12.02

201 times 12.07 12.08

202 times 12.13 12.14

203 times 12.19 12.20

204 times 12.25 12.26

205 times 12.31 12.32

206 times 12.37 12.38

207 times 12.43 12.44

208 times 12.49 12.50

209 times 12.55 12.56

210 times 12.61 12.62

211 times 12.67 12.68

212 times 12.73 12.74

213 times 12.79 12.80

214 times 12.85 12.86

215 times 12.91 12.92

216 times 12.97 12.98

217 times 13.03 13.04

218 times 13.09 13.10

219 times 13.15 13.16

220 times 13.21 13.22

221 times 13.27 13.28

222 times 13.33 13.34

223 times 13.39 13.40

224 times 13.45 13.46

225 times 13.51 13.52

226 times 13.57 13.58

227 times 13.63 13.64

228 times 13.69 13.70

229 times 13.75 13.76

230 times 13.81 13.82

231 times 13.87 13.88

232 times 13.93 13.94

233 times 13.99 14.00

234 times 14.05 14.06

235 times 14.11 14.12

236 times 14.17 14.18

237 times 14.23 14.24

238 times 14.29 14.30

239 times 14.35 14.36

240 times 14.41 14.42

241 times 14.47 14.48

242 times 14.53 14.54

243 times 14.59 14.60

244 times 14.65 14.66

245 times 14.71 14.72

246 times 14.77 14.78

247 times 14.83 14.84

248 times 14.89 14.90

249 times 14.95 14.96

250 times 15.01 15.02

251 times 15.07 15.08

252 times 15.13 15.14

253 times 15.19 15.20

254 times 15.25 15.26

255 times 15.31 15.32

256 times 15.37 15.38

257 times 15.43 15.44

258 times 15.49 15.50

259 times 15.55 15.56

260 times 15.61 15.62

261 times 15.67 15.68

262 times 15.73 15.74

263 times 15.79 15.80

264 times 15.85 15.86

265 times 15.91 15.92

266 times 15.97 15.98

267 times 16.03 16.04

268 times 16.09 16.10

269 times 16.15 16.16

270 times 16.21 16.22

271 times 16.27 16.28

272 times 16.33 16.34

273 times 16.39 16.40

274 times 16.45 16.46

275 times 16.51 16.52

276 times 16.57 16.58

277 times 16.63 16.64

278 times 16.69 16.70

279 times 16.75 16.76

280 times 16.81 16.82

281 times 16.87 16.88

282 times 16.93 16.94

283 times 16.99 17.00

284 times 17.05 17.06

285 times 17.11 17.12

286 times 17.17 17.18

287 times 17.23 17.24

288 times 17.29 17.30

289 times 17.35 17.36

290 times 17.41 17.42

291 times 17.47 17.48

292 times 17.53 17.54

293 times 17.59 17.60

294 times 17.65 17.66

295 times 17.71 17.72

296 times 17.77 17.78

297 times 17.83 17.84

298 times 17.89 17.90

299 times 17.95 17.96

300 times 18.01 18.02

301 times 18.07 18.08

302 times 18.13 18.14

303 times 18.19 18.20

304 times 18.25 18.26

305 times 18.31 18.32

306 times 18.37 18.38

307 times 18.43 18.44

308 times 18.49 18.50

309 times 18.55 18.56

310 times 18.61 18.62

311 times 18.67 18.68

312 times 18.73 18.74

313 times 18.79 18.80

314 times 18.85 18.86

315 times 18.91 18.92

316 times 18.97 18.98

317 times 19.03 19.04

318 times 19.09 19.10

319 times 19.15 19.16

320 times 19.21 19.22

321 times 19.27 19.28

322 times 19.33 19.34

323 times 19.39 19.40

324 times 19.45 19.46

325 times 19.51 19.52

326 times 19.57 19.58

327 times 19.63 19.64

328 times 19.69 19.70

329 times 19.75 19.76

330 times 19.81 19.82

331 times 19.87 19.88

332 times 19.93 19.94

333 times 19.99 20.00

334 times 20.05 20.06

335 times 20.11 20.12

336 times 20.17 20.18

337 times 20.23 20.24

338 times 20.29 20.30

339 times 20.35 20.36

340 times 20.41 20.42

341 times 20.47 20.48

342 times 20.53 20.54

343 times 20.59 20.60

344 times 20.65 20.66

345 times 20.71 20.72

346 times 20.77 20.78

347 times 20.83 20.84

348 times 20.89 20.90

349 times 20.95 20.96

350 times 21.01 21.02

351 times 21.07 21.08

352 times 21.13 21.14

353 times 21.19 21.20

354 times 21.25 21.26

355 times 21.31 21.32

356 times 21.37 21.38

357 times 21.43 21.44

358 times 21.49 21.50

359 times 21.55 21.56

360 times 21.61 21.62

361 times 21.67 21.68

362 times 21.73 21.74

363 times 21.79 21.80

364 times 21.85 21.86

365 times 21.91 21.92

366 times 21.97 21.98

367 times 22.03 22.04

368 times 22.09 22.10

369 times 22.15 22.16

370 times 22.21 22.22

371 times 22.27 22.28

372 times 22.33 22.34

373 times 22.39 22.40

374 times 22.45 22.46

375 times 22.51 22.52

376 times 22.57 22.58

377 times 22.63 22.64

378 times 22.69 22.70

379 times 22.75 22.76

380 times 22.81 22.82

381 times 22.87 22.88

382 times 22.93 22.94

383 times 22.99 23.00

384 times 23.05 23.06

385 times 23.11 23.12

386 times 23.17 23.18

387 times 23.23 23.24

388 times 23.29 23.30

389 times 23.35 23.36

390 times 23.41 23.42

391 times 23.47 23.48

392 times 23.53 23.54

393 times 23.59 23.60

394 times 23.65 23.66

395 times 23.71 23.72

396 times 23.77 23.78

397 times 23.83 23.84

398 times 23.89 23.90

399 times 23.95 23.96

400 times 24.01 24.02

401 times 24.07 24.08

402 times 24.13 24.14

403 times 24.19 24.20

404 times 24.25 24.26

405 times 24.31 24.32

406 times 24.37 24.38

407 times 24.43 24.44

408 times 24.49 24.50

409 times 24.55 24.56

410 times 24.61 24.62

411 times 24.67 24.68

412 times 24.73 24.74

413 times 24.79 24.80

414 times 24.85 24.86

415 times 24.91 24.92

416 times 24.97 24.98

417 times 25.03 25.04

418 times 25.09 25.10

419 times 25.15 25.16

420 times 25.21 25.22

421 times 25.27 25.28

422 times 25.33 25.34

423 times 25.39 25.40

424 times 25.45 25.46

425 times 25.51 25.52

426 times 25.57 25.58

427 times 25.63 25.64

428 times 25.69 25.70

429 times 25.75 25.76

430 times 25.81 25.82

431 times 25.87 25.88

432 times 25.93 25.94

433 times 25.99 26.00

434 times 26.05 26.06

435 times 26.11 26.12

436 times 26.17 26.18

437 times 26.23 26.24

438 times 26.29 26.30

439 times 26.35 26.36

440 times 26.41 26.42

441 times 26.47 26.48

442 times 26.53 26.54

443 times 26.59 26.60

444 times 26.65 26.66

445 times 26.71 26.72

446 times 26.77 26.78

447 times 26.83 26.84

448 times 26.89 26.90

449 times 26.95 26.96

450 times 27.01 27.02

451 times 27.07 27.08

452 times 27.13 27.14

453 times 27.19 27.20

454 times 27.25 27.26

455 times 27.31 27.32

456 times 27.37 27.38

457 times 27.43 27.44

458 times 27.49 27.50

459 times 27.55 27.56

460 times 27.61 27.62

461 times 27.67 27.68

462 times 27.73 27.74

463 times 27.79 27.80

464 times 27.85 27.86

465 times 27.91 27.92

466 times 27.97 27.98

467 times 28.03 28.04

468 times 28.09 28.10

469 times 28.15 28.16

470 times 28.21 28.22

471 times 28.27 28.28

472 times 28.33 28.34

473 times 28.39 28.40

474 times 28.45 28.46

475 times 28.51 28.52

476 times 28.57 28.58

477 times 28.63 28.64

478 times 28.69 28.70

479 times 28.75 28.76

480 times 28.81 28.82

481 times 28.87 28.88

482 times 28.93 28.94

483 times 28.99 29.00

484 times 29.05 29.06

485 times 29.11 29.12

486 times 29.17 29.18

487 times 29.23 29.24

488 times 29.29 29.30

489 times 29.35 29.36

490 times 29.41 29.42

491 times 29.47 29.48

492 times 29.53 29.54

493 times 29.59 29.60

494 times 29.65 29.66

495 times 29.71 29.72

496 times 29.77 29.78

497 times 29.83 29.84

498 times 29.89 29.90

499 times 29.95 29.96

500 times 30.01 30.02

501 times 30.07 30.08

502 times 30.13 30.14

503 times 30.19 30.20

504 times 30.25 30.26

505 times 30.31 30.32

506 times 30.37 30.38

507 times 30.43 30.44</

M-Day Plans

Washington Speeds Armament Program

Congress Warmakers Ask W. P. A. Fund Shift For Erecting Airport

WASHINGTON, Jan. 8 (UP).—The Civil Aeronautics Authority recommended today in its first annual report to Congress immediate allocation of \$100,000,000 in WPA funds and a \$25,000,000 special appropriation for airport development in the United States.

"The rapid development of air transport activities upon the nation's leading air terminals and the growing concern of our military officials over the adequacy of our current airports for defense purposes," the report said, "indicate the desirability of creating some new air terminals and of improving or enlarging others at the earliest possible time."

The CAA predicted that there would be 40,000 approved civilian pilots at the end of the next eight months.

U.S. Orders New Ships Built as Potential Airplane Carriers

Two 35-Ton Liners to Be Convertible War Vessels; New Construction Orders Total \$345,000,000

WASHINGTON, Jan. 8 (UP).—A U. S. Maritime Commission official indicated today that two 35,000-ton trans-Pacific liners the commission plans to order this year would be convertible into airplane carriers in event of war.

The official said the liners, which will probably operate between San Francisco and the Orient, would be included among the 40 or 50 vessels the Commission will order during 1940.

The Pacific liners are the only big passenger carriers contemplated by the Commission for 1940, but bids may be asked late in the year for two or three liners for South American east coast service. Plans for these still are on drawing boards. They, too, would be easy to convert into aircraft carriers.

New ship orders to date will cost \$345,000,000.

Anti-Chamberlain Storm Unloosed by Hore-Belisha Ouster

Gen. Gough, Who Fought Soviets in 1919 in Baltic, Demands British Fleet Be Sent to Murmansk; Close to Chief of General Staff

(Continued from Page 1)

Turkey at the borders of the Soviet Union. In 1921 he was head of the North Persian Force, also operating at the borders of the Soviet Union.

In addition to the Finnish position, another source of trouble was that the hard-boiled and block-headed members of the General Staff were deadly enemies of Hore-Belisha, whom they regarded as an upstart presuming to relax Army rules dating back to antiquity.

They removed Hore-Belisha because they and the ruling families are still the real source of power in this so-called "democratic" country fighting a "democratic" war.

The whole affair is an object lesson, in fact, on what democracy means in wartime Britain.

Hore-Belisha was removed for reasons, all anti-democratic, whether publicly stated or not. He was moved as a result of a war policy which democratic opinion would not stand for if it were stated bluntly. He was removed because he made a few minor democratic Army reforms which incurred the hatred of the ruling military and political caste.

He was removed because, a Jew, he belongs to a race which incurred the hatred of the local semi-fascists.

And finally, he was removed in a manner thoroughly undemocratic, during the Parliamentary recess, without an indication to the public of the true reasons.

The most cheering thing is the public reaction, which is powerfully anti-Chamberlain.

Hoover Relief For Mannerheim Goes Slow Here

The so-called Finnish Relief Committee—Herbert Hoover's collection agency for the White Guard Helsinki government—was not doing so well for General Mannerheim's White Guards, committee activities in New York indicated yesterday.

Mayor LaGuardia, honorary chairman of the committee in the city, called reporters to his office in the afternoon and told them that only \$3,047.44 had been received at City Hall for Mannerheim since the Hoover drive began.

With a minimum of ceremony he turned this sum over to H. M. Edwards, executive director of the New York Division of the anti-Soviet war mission.

The Mayor announced that the following, none of them working-class organizations or individuals, were among those who had contributed:

Mrs. Carl Tucker, Tucker Foundation, \$1,000.
Norwegian News, \$1,667.44.
Manhattan Borough President Stanley M. Isaacs, \$15.

Glass Favors U. S. Loan of 60 Million To White Guards

WASHINGTON, D. C., Jan. 8 (UP).—Senator Carter Glass is in favor of a \$60,000,000 American loan to (White Guard) Finland "even if we have to borrow the money," the Virginia Democrat declared today. [Carter Glass, up to now, has been the Senate's outstanding "economy" spokesman against relief.]

Glass made his statement after the State Department disclosed it had informed the League of Nations that the United States was helping (White Guard) Finland.

U. S., Canada Confer On St. Lawrence Project

OTTAWA, Ont., Jan. 8 (UP).—Canadian and United States government representatives conferring on the St. Lawrence waterway project today dug into technical details around which centered major opposition to an earlier waterway treaty draft.

The previous draft for the treaty was defeated in the United States Senate.

More 'Guard' Arms Asked For 'M-Day'

Chief of Nat'l Guard Urges War Secretary to Make Arms Demand

WASHINGTON, Jan. 8 (UP).—Congress was asked today to supply sufficient modern weapons and provide for training for the National Guard to make it an "M-Day" force of the highest strength and efficiency.

In his annual report to Secretary of War Woodring for 1939, Maj. Gen. Albert H. Blanding, who served as chief of the National Guard Bureau last year, cited National Guard deficiencies, but noted "marked developments" during the past several years in attaining a higher standard.

Admiral Asks Billion More For Navy

Stark Testifies Before House Committee for Vinson Bill

WASHINGTON, Jan. 8 (UP).—Admiral Harold R. Stark, Chief of Naval Operations, testified before the House Naval Affairs Committee today in support of a bill by Chairman Carl Vinson authorizing a 25 per cent increase in Naval tonnage and an increase of the Navy's air arm to 6,000 planes, at a total cost of \$1,300,000,000.

He said this would provide 107 new ships, including 30 auxiliary vessels. He explained to reporters that plans had been changed since Vinson's original announcement of the bill, which distributed the tonnage among 95 fighting vessels below the battleship category, and 31 auxiliaries.

Stark's testimony followed a brief statement by Secretary of the Navy Charles Edison asking enactment of the bill.

Bulgarian Trade Delegation Leaves Moscow

(By Cable to the Daily Worker)

MOSCOW, Jan. 8.—Bulgarian Minister to the U. S. S. R. Antonov and the Bulgarian trade delegation, headed by Bulgarian Finance Minister N. Bojloff, left Moscow today after negotiating a three-year trade and navigation treaty between the Soviet Union and Bulgaria.

The treaty provides that both countries will follow the most-favored-nation principle in their trade dealings.

France Calls Parliament

PARIS, Jan. 8.—Parliament was summoned today to meet tomorrow in its first ordinary session of the year for a general debate on Premier Daladier's conduct of the imperialist war.

Edouard Daladier called the Cabinet for a session tomorrow.

Saddened by Slayer



Joan Stevens, 14, was slain by Pennsylvania state trooper, Corp. Benjamin Franklin. Her mother and father, Mr. and Mrs. John Stevens, and her two sisters are shown as trial of trooper opened in Mauch Chunk, Pa. Franklin shot the girl eight times saying she "threatened" him with a toy pistol.

F.D.R. Invites G.O.P. Into 'National Unity' Behind War Program

Turncoat Jackson Day Speech Makes a Hero of Hamilton, Rebukes Jefferson's Enthusiasm for French Revolution

(Continued from Page 1)

the Republicans. And he made it plain a year ago that he didn't want party harmony at the price of sacrificing the New Deal.

LAST YEAR'S WARNING

A year ago the President urged the Democratic politicians to "take good notice" that Jackson's successor, Martin Van Buren, was turned out by the people because his administration "failed to deliver what they had promised to anyone except themselves," with the result that the conservatives were returned to power.

"For Andrew Jackson to Nicholas Biddle—four short years," the President of last year warned, and again warned the politicians to "take good notice."

What the President emphasized last year was that Andrew Jackson always kept his promises to the common people, that he "delivered on the barrel head."

But that was the President of a year ago speaking, the President who had not yet started devoting his energies to involving the United States in war, who had not yet started armaments spending and budget balancing at the expense of the unemployed, who had not yet turned his back on the New Deal.

Tonight he talked about good government in general—and not progressive government. He talked about "wise political leaders" not progressive political leaders.

FOR "GOOD MANNERS" He emphasized motives tonight—not delivering on the barrel head. "Motives in the long run is what counts," the President of today declared. "Motives accompanied by good manners."

And if political leaders have good manners and good motives, it

doesn't much matter if they deliver on the barrel head like Andrew Jackson, or remain true to progressive principles, or make good on their election promises. To put it in the President's own words tonight:

"If leaders have good motives and good manners and, at the same time, knowledge of the different parts of the country and plenty of experience, you can be fairly safe in assuming that they won't wreck your government."

The President who a year ago would have none of twaddledom and twaddledom political contests said tonight that he didn't think that political disputes should be taken too seriously after all.

"Nowadays most everybody in the country knows," he said tonight "that sometimes when two Congressmen or two Senators engage in a terrific battle of words, a fornicous philippic, a fifteen round heavyweight championship bout, the two contestants, five minutes later, will be found sitting in the cloakroom with their arms about each other laughing and joking while they catch their breath."

In less than a year the President has made a nightingale political change. The evidence is there in the comparison of the Jackson Day speech he made a year ago and the one he made tonight.

The only trouble, from his point of view, is that the people may remember what he said a year ago. They may "take good notice" and recall his warning that the Democrats have always gone down to defeat when they failed "to deliver on the barrel head." They may reject both the twaddledom and the twaddledom, and assert themselves with independent political action.

NAACP Asks Full Congress For Vote on Anti-Lynch Bill

Measure Due Monday in House—Pressure for It Grows

(Continued from Page 1)

cut and tortured with red-hot irons, then thrown into the Pearl River. "This report," declared Mr. White, "will be distributed to every member of Congress, newspaper editors and correspondents, and heads of national organizations throughout the country. It represents the answer to those people who believe that simply because we had had just five lynchings in 1939, lynching is on the way out in this country."

SCOTTSBORO CASE

"We are aware of two things when we look at present-day lynching statistics. First, while lynchings have decreased in number they have increased in barbarism. Secondly, the statistics which we have on the number of lynchings today, do not tell all of the story by any means. What is not brought out is the fact that mob leaders have adopted the technique of sparing their victims away quietly and doing their dirty work without benefit of crowds or attendant publicity."

White also commented on the U. S. Supreme Court hearing of Florida's "Scottsboro" Case, involving four Negro youths who have faced death five times and have suffered unspeakable torture at the hands of Florida jailers who were determined to write "confessions" of murder from the lads.

The five lads, accused of murdering a fish dealer in Pompano, Florida, are Isbell Chambers, Jack Williamson, Charlie Davis and Walter Woodward. One of them has become insane as a result of brutal treatment in the Florida jail, the N.A.A.C.P. charged.

White drew attention to the comment of the Florida assistant attorney general Tyrus A. Norwood, who told the Court in response to a question about the torturing of the youths.

"I don't think it is this court's business to say to the sheriff of Broward County that 'we don't believe you and we do believe this Nigger murderer.'"

Bakers Strike Halts North Ireland Output

Sharp Resurgence of Labor Activities Is Reported

BELFAST, Jan. 8.—A strike of more than 1,000 bread bakery workers in Northern Ireland today has virtually halted the industry.

No deliveries were made in any Northern city with the exception of Londonderry. Union leaders permitted skeleton forces to be maintained everywhere, however, in order that hospitals and other institutions might be supplied.

The bread workers are asking wages increases amounting to 15 shillings a week (about \$3) and have rejected an offer which would give them an 80-cent-a-week increase.

The strike of the bakers is seen here as another strong indication of the resurgence of labor in Ulster. During the summer the dockers in this city, despite internal dissension in their union, struck and were able to achieve their demands.

In November the unemployed won back a cut in their relief which had been decreed and put into effect.

The Poor Law Commissioners who are the despots of the dole suffered a real defeat at the hands of the organized unemployed who regained a ten per cent slice which had been taken from them. Lord Craigavon, Premier of Northern Ireland, had refused to meet a deputation of the jobless who went to him with their demands. The winning of the restoration was the signal for the beginning of organization of the unemployed in all of the six counties of the North.

British Ship Strikes Mine, Sinks in 10 Min.

LONDON, Jan. 8 (UP).—The British steamer Cedrington Court, 5,160 tons, sank in 10 minutes yesterday off the southeast coast after an explosion believed caused by a mine.

The crew of 34 was saved. A deck boy was blown 20 feet into the air and received a broken leg. Several other members of the crew suffered from exposure while swimming in the water before they were picked up, and some had minor injuries.

The only fatalities were four monkeys, five canaries and the ship's cat.

Soviet Union Will Build 1,278 New Schools in '40

(By Cable to the Daily Worker)

MOSCOW, Jan. 8.—New schools to be built in cities and villages of the Soviet Union during 1940 total 1,278, it was announced today.

New schools are now under construction in seventeen national autonomous republics of the Russian Socialist Federated Soviet Republics.

Twenty new day schools and ten boarding schools for pupils coming from remote distances are also being built in the extreme north.

House Votes to Debate Anti-Lynching Bill

Southern Tory Senate Bloc Threatens Passage with Plans for a Long Filibuster

(Continued from Page 1)

to alienate the important Negro vote. At the same time it does not want to antagonize the Southern Congressmen and Senators.

For this reason, Administration leaders are understood to welcome a quiet death for the measure in the Senate Judiciary Committee.

Majority leader Sam Rayburn was one of the bloc of Southern Congressmen which voted solidly today to oppose passage of the bill.

PHONY "CHAMPIONS" Anxious to use the measure as a political football, Republican Congressmen seized the opportunity to pass themselves off as champions of Negro rights.

Rep. Ham Fish of New York said that he challenged President Roosevelt "to state at the Jackson Day dinner tonight where he stands on the anti-lynching bill and what he proposed to do to secure its passage in the Congress and help in establishing justice and domestic tranquility in our own country."

Party and sectional lines were rather tangled up, however, in the final roll call on taking up the measure. Several Republicans, including Jacob Thorkelson of Mon-

tana, James Wadsworth of New York and Francis Case of South Dakota, voted against considering the bill as did a number of northern and western Democratic Congressmen, including Charles H. Leavy of Washington, Edward Taylor of Colorado and Abe Murdock of Utah.

The main oration in opposition to consideration of the bill was made by Rep. E. E. Cox of Georgia who made the routine kind of anti-Negro lynch speech familiar to Southern reactionary politicians.

His typical slander was that passage of the measure would jeopardize "the virtue of Southern womanhood and mongrelize the nation."

The anti-lynching bill provides that state officials who neglect their duties in the prosecution of lynchings shall be liable to the penalty of a prison term running up to five years or a fine going up to \$10,000.

Subdivisions of state governments are held responsible in the bill for persons lynched in their jurisdiction due to neglect, and shall pay compensation of from \$2,000 to \$10,000 to relatives of the lynched person.

Count Admits He 'Advised' Prospective Mannerheim Fliers

(Continued from Page 1)

"United Baltic Kingdom," a neat counter-revolutionary stunt for combining the three Baltic States into a unified anti-Soviet base.

The Count's concern for the future of Scandinavia is interesting in view of from what quarter the peace of these three countries is menaced. Friday's New York Times, in an amazingly frank cable dispatch made it plain that British interests, which are now using Sweden and Norway as a bridge to get military aid to White Guard Finland, constitute the real threat to Scandinavia's peace.

The Times' cable from London said:

"Discussions under way tonight in this and other capitals threaten to turn peaceful Norway and Sweden into battlefields. . . . The Scandinavian countries after a century of peace are in danger of being drawn into war whether they like it or not, because their more powerful neighbors find their fjords and plains convenient battlefields."

"The immediate future of these

countries, Norway, Sweden and Denmark, would seem to depend on whether Britain and France decide to fight one war at a time or take on Russia as well as Germany. . . . For weeks the possibility that Norway and Sweden might be dragged into war has been discussed in London embassies."

The News' interview bore out what the Sunday Worker said about the Count's connection with the Bank of Manhattan, on the fourth floor of which he has his palatial offices. The News said:

"The Count has offices with the Bank of Manhattan Co. for the purpose of studying American markets with a view to aiding his country in placing orders, largely for wheat, oil, coal and other commodities which Sweden formerly bought from the belligerents."

According to the News, the Count said: "Now if it were not against the law I would be interested in some of these aviators who have called me up or come to see me."

Evidently the Count has been brushing up on the law over the week-end. . . .

DEFEND COMMUNIST PARTY LEADERS

RUSH BAIL LOANS AT ONCE

Send loans of cash or U. S. Government Bond—or ask to have our representative call to see you

Defense Committee for Civil Rights for Communists
ROBERT MINOR chairman
ELIZABETH GURLEY FLYNN secretary-treasurer
Room 325 — 799 Broadway, N. Y. C. — Phone: ALgonquin 4-8799

ATTENTION!

Due to the continued demand the DAILY WORKER will extend the Silverware Offer to

WED., JAN. 31

For this period those who need more than one set to complete their service, can obtain as many as they need with only seven silverware certificates. THIS IS THE LAST EXTENSION.

DAILY WORKER SILVERWARE CERTIFICATE

I understand that Daily Worker Silverware Certificate (like this), together with 50 cents (plus 10 cents if I want the mail), entitles me to one unit of 6 pieces of Rogers A-1 Plus Silverware with lifetime guarantee. I can redeem these Silverware Certificates by mail, or by calling at the

DAILY WORKER

NEW YORK CITY
54 East 12th St.
Sixth Floor
NAME
ADDRESS
CITY STATE

This offer subject to cancellation at any time.

Crawford Will Succeed Broun In Guild Post

All Other Nominees for News Union Presidency Withdraw Names

Kenneth G. Crawford of Washington was assured the presidency of the American Newspaper Guild, replacing the late Heywood Broun, yesterday, as all other of 14 candidates nominated withdrew when the 15-day nominating period expired.

Crawford's nomination, first advanced by the Washington Guild, was seconded by the locals of New York and several other cities.

The next step is formal ratification of the unopposed nominee by the General Executive Board at its regular meeting on February 3.

Crawford is Washington correspondent of the New York Post.

Among those nominated who declined the nomination were Max Ways, of the Philadelphia Record; Mrs. Elmore Roosevelt; Jonathan Eddy, former executive vice-president of the Guild; James P. Kirby of the Cleveland News and Harry Martin of the Memphis Commercial-Appeal.

Kosher Poultry Fact Finding Group Reports

Place Proposals Before Mayor to Improve Trade Conditions

A fact-finding committee, appointed last year by Mayor LaGuardia to investigate condition in the Jewish Kosher Poultry Industry, recommended in its report made public yesterday that the city should supplement efforts of groups in the industry to reach a "better degree of cooperation between the industry and the public" by increasing the strength of the Kosher law enforcement agency to make sure the public is not defrauded.

The committee, composed of Dr. Samuel Margoshes, chairman; Nathaniel Zelowitz, secretary; and David Mackler, held public hearings taking testimony from 35 witnesses.

They outlined in a report to the Mayor the method of operation of the industry, the union problems and concluded with a series of recommendations.

On the collective wage system, the committee suggested that, although most unique in the history of American labor, it has "its merits as an effective instrument for the distribution of employment among union members and should be retained as long as it receives the consent of the majority of the union membership, and provided means are found to prevent abuses."

UNION HANDLES WAGES

Under this system, members of the union receive wages from their employers, but through the union; the schottim (chicken killers) are graded by the union by age, skill, experience, etc., with a salary assigned to each grade ranging from \$18 to \$32 a week; and the schottim receive wages from the payments made to the union by employers on the basis of 4-cent a pound of chicken slaughtered, the poundage being figured by special "chargers" provided by the union.

To eliminate unemployment in the industry, as well as competition among the schottim, the committee recommended that the Knesses Hashochim members who are practically excluded from work by the Poultry Schottim Union, Local 370, of which Louis Waldman is attorney and which has closed its books, should unite and be absorbed by the Schottim Union.

The committee suggested that gradually members of the Knesses Hashochim should serve as "chargers" when the union schottim are employed at their regular tasks.

"The only valid rabbinical supervision, in our opinion," the report says, "is that of the collective rabbinate, and not that provided by the individual Rabbi who, remunerated by the market man, or the butcher, is therefore subject to pressure from the employer."

LEG-BAND METHOD

The committee concluded that the best visible method of designating the kosher quality of the poultry is through the leg-band of "plumba," which the committee said has received the overwhelming support of the rabbinate of New York and the outstanding Rabbis in Europe.

To guarantee that the proceeds from the use of the "plumba" are not diverted from the proper purposes, the committee suggested that charges for its use should be supervised by a joint committee consisting of the collective rabbinate, the market men, the butchers, the schottim and the public.

The report pointed out that the butchers' associations favored individual rabbinical supervision and are opposed to collective supervision as represented through the Kashruth. They stated a willingness to adopt the leg-band method of check, but insist that they share with the Rabbis the control of the proceeds.

206 Spanish Refugees From Daladier Prisons Arrive; Bound for Mexico

Loyalist Veterans Tell of Brutality; Mothers Describe Treatment

By Art Shields

Safe at last from hunger and military rule in Daladier's concentration camps, 206 Spanish refugees arrived in New York yesterday morning on the French liner DeGrasse, enroute to a haven in Mexico.

This is the first large Spanish refugee group to come by the New York route. Others have gone directly to Latin America.

Most of the refugees were children, women and elderly people joining other members of their families in Mexico. They were met by John Sherman, representative of the Spanish Refugee Relief Campaign at 381 Fourth Ave., who arranged for their transfer to a special B. & O. train. They arrive in Mexico City next Friday.

Date of arrival was kept secret till the last. The ship came with a large merchant fleet, convoyed by destroyers.

Stories of concentration camp brutality poured from the refugees' lips. The first man to greet me, Carlo Badarello, a veteran of the famous Italian "Garibaldi" Battalion of the International Brigade, said conditions were worse in some ways since I saw him eating thin macaroni soup and sleeping unsheltered in the refugees' camp at Argiles Sur Mer.

LITTLE TO EAT

I counted 13 two or three-inch bits of macaroni in a typical soup plate that day. He says there is less to eat now in the high Pyrenees' camps, where the refugees have been sent. More refugees are sheltered in barracks than formerly, however.

Badarello was with two Canadian veterans, who had tales of their own.

"I was whipped nearly every day for months," said Charles Nedgret of Windsor, who spent 13 months as a prisoner of Franco. A young Austrian, who came with the Spaniards, said he was a refugee from Hitler terror in Paris, paying his own way, till the war began. Then he was put into a football stadium, with no shelter overhead, with hundreds of other German and Austrian anti-fascists. Food was terrible and there was less than a liter of water altogether a day for drinking and washing.

"The French authorities said that we must join the Foreign Legion or stay in confinement," he said. The majority refused to join under duress.

TWO AVIATORS

Mexico can use the Spanish refugees to good advantage. Among them were two young aviators. One of them had survived more than two years of combat flying.

A strikingly beautiful refugee girl of 20—Amelia Abascal—was the champion athlete in four separate classes, before Franco attacked the Republic. She was first woman's bicyclist, first woman's basketball player and led her sex in rowing and ice hockey, too.

That was in 1936. And then till the fall of her country to the fascist invaders she served the Loyalist armies as nurse and ambulance driver.

Seven stalwart youths, who came together, will make good Mexican farmers. They tilled the soil of Asturias with their father, Garcia Risco, 60, who is accompanying them with his wife. They go to Mexico to join another brother already there.

DALADIER'S OPPRESSION

Like the other refugees they are optimistic at the prospect of working in the new land. They remember the help Mexico gave the Republic of Spain.

Grief was on other faces. A newly wed girl of 20 on the way to join her husband said twins were born to her in a concentration camp. Both died.

Refugees will be met in Mexico by the Comité Tecnico, the Mexican division of the "SERE," the Spanish relief organization in Paris, with which Dr. James Negrin is connected.

Daladier's police raided the "SERE" some time ago and seized its papers, but it is functioning again.

About 200,000 refugees still remain in their French prison camps. Many others were forced to return to Franco Spain—some to execution.

The "SERE," with the cooperation of the Spanish Refugee Relief Campaign organization here, hopes to transport 2,000 more to Santo Domingo. Others are going to Chile, Mexico and other Latin American countries.

Aiding in this work are the International Commission for Spanish Relief, the American Friends Service Committee and the Confederated Spanish Societies.

Cooperating, too, in various ways is the Veterans of the Abraham Lincoln Battalion, whose representatives joined in greeting the refugees at the French Line pier yesterday.



SPANISH REFUGEE CHILDREN above saw New York for the first time yesterday from the decks of the French liner De Grasse. The little girl in white is Josefa Lopez Tauregui from Bilbao. Her little friend is Raimunda Chevalier from Santander. They begin a new life in Mexico Friday. Top photo shows some of the refugees on the deck of the De Grasse.

Speed Bail Fund, Urges Chicago C.P.; Cites 'Red Squad' Raids on Homes

CHICAGO, Jan. 8.—In a stirring appeal to all adherents of the Bill of Rights the Communist Party of Illinois yesterday urged that the Bail Fund established by the Civil Rights for Communists Defense Committee be built rapidly as a fitting reply to the recent scandalous attacks upon the Communists in this city.

In a statement which detailed the lawless activities of the Chicago "Red Squad," including illegal raids upon homes of private citizens upon the pretext of searching for Communist leaders, as well as repeated invasions of the offices of the Communist Party, the Illinois State Committee pointed to the national scope of these activities. Declaring that the Chicago "Red Squad" acts upon orders of the U.S. Department of Justice, the statement said:

"These incidents in Chicago are part of a nation-wide drive to destroy all democratic rights. They are an inseparable part of the war-drive of the most powerful reactionary forces in this country which are receiving the support of the National Administration."

The statement then referred to the recent civil liberties declaration of 62 outstanding American leaders from all walks of life who raised their voices "in solemn warning against denying to the Communists or to any other minority group, the full freedom guaranteed by the Bill of Rights."

"The Communist Party appeals to the workers, professionals and all lovers of the Bill of Rights to answer this attack by loaning money to the Bail Fund established by the Civil Rights for Communists Defense Committee. We appeal to our members to quickly complete the special defense assessment levied by our National Committee, and to our many friends and sympathizers to also contribute to these defense purposes. We call upon the trade unions and other organizations of the American people to let the Administration know that they see in the attempted denial of civil rights to Communists a threat to the civil rights of the entire American working class."

Drowns at Pier

Walter Arndt, 34, a laborer, of 348 Fingerboard Road, S. L., was believed to have drowned at 4 P. M. yesterday, when he slipped and plunged off a pier at E. 99th St. into the East River.

Fall Injures Worker

While reinforcing the bleacher section of the Polo Grounds, Edward Wetzel, 47, of 450 E. 145th St., fell from a scaffold yesterday and was taken to Columbus Hospital with a fractured right hip.

3 Dies 'Probers' Want More 'Impartiality'

Also to Insist That No Single Member Speak For Committee

WASHINGTON, Jan. 8 (UP).—Three members of the Dies Committee—Reps. H. Jerry Voorhis, D. Calif., Joseph E. Casey, D. Mass., and John J. Dempsey, D. N. M.—said today that they would insist upon more "impartial and judicial" methods of procedure if Congress extends the inquiry into another year.

Those three members may issue a statement early this week criticizing committee procedure. They indicated that they would insist in the future that neither chairman Martin L. Dies, D. Tex., nor any other committee member make statements purporting to represent the whole committee.

Dies has been criticized for recently making public a report by

County Clerks Ask for Boosts In Budget

Sharp Battle Ahead for People Stop Cuts in Social Services

Increase in the 1940-41 expense budget were asked for their departments by County Clerks from Bronx, Kings, New York and Richmond Counties yesterday at the first budget hearing of the year held before the Bureau of the Budget at Municipal Building.

The only clerk making a departmental request for less money than allocated in the 1939-1940 budget was the Queens County Clerk who asked an appropriation of \$164,430, a decrease of \$36,706 from the last expense budget appropriation.

This Queens decrease was accounted for by a transfer of a number of the clerk's employees to the Motor Vehicle Department.

In New York County the Clerk's office asked for an appropriation of \$348,634, an increase of \$31,223 over the last budget. Of this request \$215,919 was for salaries and \$27,715 for office equipment.

Other requests were: Kings County Clerk: \$259,618, and increase of \$80,060.

Bronx County Clerk: \$185,221, and increase of \$19,843.

Richmond County Clerk: \$106,701, an increase of \$17,190.

HEARINGS TO FEB. 15

The expense budget hearings, which started yesterday, will continue at the office of the Bureau of the Budget until Feb. 15.

During the period of the hearings all departments of the city will submit their departmental requests. It then goes to the Board of Estimate and must be adopted by the City Council before June 30.

It is expected that the department heads and the people have a hard fight ahead to stop any cuts in the vital social services when the budget finally reaches the administrative and legislative bodies.

Mayor LaGuardia sounded an ominous budget hearing last week when addressing the City Council he pleaded with the councilmen not to send him any legislation entailing increased expenditures.

Committee investigator J. B. Matthews, charging several consumer organizations with being Communist "fronts." None of the other members of the committee saw the report before it was released.

Teachers Union To Fight Cuts at Board Meeting

Votes to Send Representative Before Education Body Tomorrow; Letters of Protest Sent to Mayor and Marshall

Announcing its intention to concentrate upon activities against further cuts in State aid to education, the Teachers Union Local 5 auxiliary, in its recent monthly meeting, voted to send representation to the Board of Education meeting tomorrow, January 10.

The meeting, held in the Teachers Union headquarters at 116 E. 16th St., also passed a resolution to inaugurate a campaign of personal letters to Mayor LaGuardia and the President of the Board of Education James Marshall, protesting further consolidation of classes in this city.

The Auxiliary elected its officers for the coming year, including Isidore Lazarus, president; Mrs. Gertrude Paskell, secretary; Julius Hoffenberg, treasurer; Mrs. Wilhelmna Goodman, membership director; Dr. J. C. Rachunow, legislative representative; E. H. Russell, publicity director; and Mrs. L. Rubin, social director.

The Auxiliary also completed plans for a dance to be held Jan. 26, at the Ten Eyck Studio, 118 W. 21st St.

Heisler Gets AFL Plumbers Managership

Takes Office in Merged Locals of 5,000 Members

Saul Heisler, president of the Auxiliary division of Plumbers, Local 463 was elected as business manager of the newly merged Local 2 of 5,000 Bronx and Manhattan members of the United Association of Plumbers, A. F. of L.

Along with Heisler, who won by a majority of three to one in Saturday's election, Max Wilder, incumbent secretary-treasurer of the Auxiliary was reelected for the same post of the merged Local 2.

The merger is of an approximately equal number of members in the auxiliary and regular Local 463, bringing to end years of efforts by the alteration and unorganized plumbers in an independent union to become part of the A. F. of L. International.

Both groups share equally in the distribution of offices.

The others elected by the Auxiliary's membership are: Jack Rosekrans and Frank Buttercavoli for the executive board; Harry Kline and Harold Given on the examining board; Alex Lipscher and William Urban for the finance committee, and George Janos, inside sentry.

Rename RFC Head

WASHINGTON, Jan. 8 (UP).—President Roosevelt today nominated for reappointment for a two-year term Chairman Emil Schram of the Reconstruction Finance Corp.

JANUARY SALE

SOVIET RECORDS 69c

"If War Comes Tomorrow" "Meadowland" and many others

TAC RECORDS 69c

"Alto Linceo" "Pistol Line Prisoner"

Workers Records 69c

"Crazy Jones", "Traitor of Learning", "Blue Ty", "Solidarity", and others

The Music Room

A COMPLETE MUSIC SHOP

113 W. 44 St., N.Y.C. LO. 3-4220

Mail Orders: Please Frequent

Open 10 A.M. to 10 P.M.

THE DAILY WORKER NOW PRESENTS THE BROWDER LIBRARY

- The People's Front
- Fighting for Peace
- What Is Communism?

Plus additional pamphlets containing recent speeches by Browder which will be included in his next book.

Thousands have heard Browder on the air, and read his recent speeches. They want to know more about the Communist Party. The Daily Worker answers with the "Browder Library"! More than 800 pages of the finest American contributions to the science of Marxism-Leninism! A comprehensive and lucid analysis of modern history, covering years of the Communist Party's political activities, up to the present day! More than 75 different articles on subjects of national and international interest!

The best defense of Browder is to make his works known to the people! Start saving Certificates today! Put the "Browder Library" in your home, in the homes of your friends!

Formerly Over \$3.00

Now 99c

CLIP THIS CERTIFICATE NOW!

YOURS FOR 99 CENTS

The Certificate printed in the corner of this ad will be published every day in the Daily Worker. SIX OF THESE CERTIFICATES, plus 99 cents, entitles you to one complete set of the "Browder Library." Redeem certificates at the Daily Worker, 50 East 13th St., New York City (6th floor).

To receive the Library by mail, simply write to the "Browder Library," c/o the Daily Worker, 50 East 13th St., New York City. Enclose certificates and money (stamps, check, cash, or money order). ADD TEN CENTS TO COVER COST OF POSTAGE.

DAILY WORKER

50 East 13th Street

New York, N. Y.

The Browder Library Certificate

I understand that 6 of these Certificates, plus 99 cents, entitles me to one set of the Browder Library, containing:

- The People's Front
- Fighting for Peace
- What Is Communism?

Plus additional pamphlets

MAIL: To receive set by mail, enclose Certificates and money (stamps, check, cash or money order). ADD TEN CENTS TO COVER COST OF POSTAGE.

DAILY WORKER

50 East 13th Street

New York, N. Y.

Daily Worker

Central Organ, Communist Party, U.S.A.
Affiliated with Communist International
PUBLISHED DAILY EXCEPT SUNDAY BY THE DAILY
PUBLISHING CO., INC., 35 East 13th Street
New York, N. Y.
President—A. L. Ladd
Vice-President—B. J. Davis, Jr.
Secretary—Harry M. W. Brown
EDITOR—CLARENCE A. BATHAWAY
ASSOCIATE EDITOR—SAM DON
Telephone: ALgonquin 4-1384
Cable Address: "Daily Worker," New York, N. Y.
Washington Bureau, Room 904, National Press Building, 14th
and F Sts., Washington, D. C. Telephone: National 7710.
SUBSCRIPTION RATES BY MAIL:
United States (except Manhattan and the Bronx)—1 year,
\$5.00; 6 months, \$3.00; 3 months, \$2.00; 1 month, 75
cents.
Manhattan and the Bronx—1 year, \$6.00; 6 months, \$4.00;
3 months, \$2.50; 1 month, 75 cents.
Foreign and Canada—1 year, \$8.00; 6 months, \$5.00.
TUESDAY, JANUARY 9, 1940

The Hore-Belisha Case— What It Tells America

The abrupt dismissal of Hore-Belisha from the Chamberlain Cabinet suddenly reveals to the American people some of the secrets of the British war program operating through White Guard Finland.

It turns all the slick propaganda of the visiting British war salesmen, Lord Lothian and Alfred Duff Cooper, into a glaring phony.

For it is as plain as day that Hore-Belisha, a British imperialist, was dumped out like a sack of junk because, it is reported, he had dared to question Chamberlain's scheme of using Finland and Scandinavia as firebrands for starting a world-wide war against the Soviet Union, dragging every country in the world into it.

Hore-Belisha, as the cable from our London correspondent informs our readers in today's issue, was flung out of the Cabinet by the "two front" gang.

What is this "two front" gang? It is the Chamberlain crowd which wants to add the "Soviet front" as rapidly as possible to the "German front" by using the Mannerheim Government to bring Europe and the United States into a vast anti-Soviet war.

Finland and quick war against the Soviet Union—that is the key to the dismissal of Hore-Belisha. The New York Herald Tribune editorially grants this in its cautious confession that, perhaps "fundamental decisions—between large-scale aid to Finland or a massing of the full war effort on the western front are now being taken."

Hore-Belisha is an imperialist ready to wage criminal war for the defense of the British empire's loot. But, it would appear that he was averse to entering into the full-scale collaboration with the real aim of Chamberlain policy—to merge the "German war" with an anti-Soviet war, involving the United States in it.

The accumulated hatred of the British ruling aristocracy for this "upstart"—Hore-Belisha is a Jew and a recent arrival in the ruling class—fell on him like a ton of brick. Anti-democratic contempt is as deep-rooted among the British ruling circles as it is among the Goebbels-Hitler crowd.

No wonder the American press wants to play this whole case down in this country. The Hore-Belisha case unmasks the whole behind-the-scenes purpose of President Roosevelt's intense interest in the Mannerheim regime at Helsinki. It reveals why Senator Pittman wants to rush a \$100,000,000 "loan" to White Guard Finland, and why "J. P. Morgan's Senator," Carter Glass of Virginia, is equally eager for such a "loan" without delay.

All these activities by the Washington Government tally with the Chamberlain scheme for an anti-Soviet war, with Finland and Scandinavia as the base.

Unwittingly, the Hore-Belisha case lifts the veil from the face of the coy "little Finland" as run by the Mannerheim-Ryti crew, and shows it to be a willing pawn for aggression against the Soviet Union.

Do the American people want their money, their wealth, and ultimately their sons to die for this Chamberlain-Wall Street scheme in Finland? Do they approve of trapping all of mankind into a vast world war behind the phonyest hoax since Woodrow Wilson and Ambassador Page took the United States into war in 1917?

We do not believe that the American people have any such desire.

We believe that when they have the facts in their hands, they will reject any such criminal scheme. The proposed "aid" to Finland, the proposed Senate Loans to Mannerheim, are revealed by the Hore-Belisha incident as a menace to the peace of the American people. Such "loans" would bring our boys that much closer to the trenches which Chamberlain and Mannerheim have dug for them.

The interest of every American family which cherishes its sons and desires democracy here in the United States is to stop these loans by protest to President Roosevelt, your Senator, and Senator Pittman of the Foreign Relations Committee.

No Time to Sit Tight and Wait

Current press reports that "prospects for the restoration of full State aid for education are . . . good" are to lull the people into a false security. The implication is: sit tight and do nothing until Gov. Lehman sends his budget message to the legislature three weeks hence.

But even these press stories say that there is no talk whatever of a deficiency appropriation for the last slash in education, and that the restoration of full aid in the future depends upon the tender-heartedness of the Republican majority. In addition, the reports state boldly there will be a cut of "about \$5,000,000 in the estimated relief needs," despite the growing distress of the unemployed.

All of this is a dire warning to the people, especially in view of the "secret parleys" which the Governor continues with the Republican "economy" gang. The Republicans made the slash in the first instance, and now the Governor makes peace with them as unemployment mounts and as 30,000 children in New York City endanger their health by standing in overcrowded schoolrooms.

Labor and the people will have to take the bit in their own hands, relying upon neither of the two major parties nor upon their inspired hokum in the newspapers. Trade unions, parents and teachers should write to Gov. Lehman in Albany urging that full state aid to education, adequate relief and other social needs be paramount in the budget message.

A Lesson from Boston

The members of the West Side Branch of the Communist Party of Boston have just contributed an invaluable experience to the entire Party.

Undismayed by the attacks in the press against the Party, they undertook a systematic visit of the workers' homes and polled them for the neighborhood Party paper.

Not only were the actual results of the poll highly encouraging (they showed a vast majority opposed to American intervention in Europe, and distrustful of the press accounts of Soviet relations with Finland). But at the same time, the Party members made many new friends and drew closer than ever to the people of the neighborhood.

These comrades have learned well the teaching of Lenin that the Party must always be close to the masses of people, to learn from them and to teach them. Communists have no interests apart from the most vital interests of the masses of people. That is why a single visit by a Communist to a worker's home is often enough to destroy many of the false beliefs which the capitalist press may have built up in his mind over a period of months.

Who's Crazy?

A fine and magnificent voice, this Parker Watkins, the jobless Negro tenor who sang to thousands in the Pennsylvania station. A representative of the genius of his people.

But the story on the front page of the New York Post yesterday tries to make of him a stunt maker, a talented panhandler. The Post story showers encomiums of praise upon him, trying to appear as a champion of the cultural aspirations of the Negro people. (At the same time, it glorifies the anti-Negro picture "Gone with the Wind.")

But the Post leaves out altogether the fact that Watkins' unemployment is an expression of the abominable suffering of the Negro people. It soft-pedals the fact that he was fired off WPA which the Roosevelt administration is busy slashing further. It uses Watkins as the example of a "crazy town full of curious people." Well, Watkins asked for a job, which none of the rich condescending patrons in the station gave him. Tens of thousands of employable Negroes in Harlem want jobs, which capitalism and its hypocritical Posts don't provide. The tragedy is that a talented oppressed people should be so manhandled by a decadent system and its whimsical press.

It's capitalism that's crazy.

The Hysteria of the Press— A Trap Against Peace

New York City.

Editor, Daily Worker:

The "amazing" exploits of the Finnish White-Guards against these "burly-legged, anemic, misguided Russian bullies" is now legendary, thanks to a willing and equally amazing American White-Guard press. Yet it becomes even more clear how the basic distrust of the American people toward the capitalist press is reflected in the general reaction of the people toward the Munchausen, hallucinatory fiction drummed up by Hearst-Howard-Sulzberger-Reid-Backer et al on the present situation in Finland.

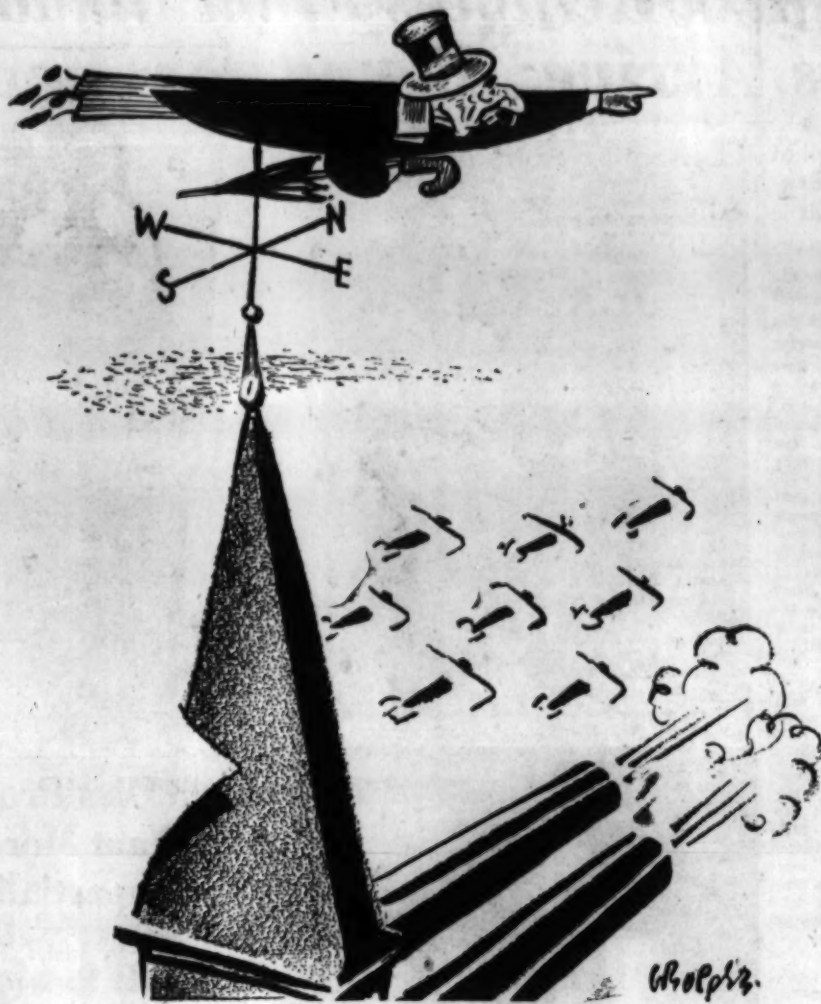
The screaming headlines of Mannerheim "victories" are beginning to boomerang. Even slight perusal of capitalist accounts of the Red Army in Finland shows how hysterical the editors are becoming in their efforts to put over a convincing war-mongering Mickey Finn on their readers.

"Unconfirmed reports," "Helsinki dispatches say," "Stockholm tells of," "Finnish military authorities claim," and the whole gauntlet of doped up military accounts are not lost on the people. They are now asking for facts. If the Finnish White-Guards have "penetrated the Russian frontier at four places" why not mention where, how and to what distance? After five weeks of fighting, certainly the correspondents "with the Finnish Army" could have learned enough to confirm at least one victory without depending on Stockholm or some unidentified Finnish White-Guard general for the details.

Not a single map has been printed in the capitalist

'Go East My Good Man'

by Gropper



IS THERE BIGOTRY?-- WE'LL SAY THERE IS, MR. MURPHY

In his address before the National Conference of Palestine appeal in Washington Sunday, Attorney General Murphy said that bigotry and anti-Semitism have made themselves felt here, and indeed they have.

But what could be any ranker bigotry than Murphy's own failure to do anything about the number one bigot and anti-Semite, Coughlin? On two separate occasions the New Masses magazine has placed before the Department of Justice evidence on the questionable dealings of Coughlin. But no move from Murphy—except a contemptuous shrug that he never heard of Coughlin's anti-Semitic incitements and that he wasn't going to do anything about it. That's the way President Roosevelt's Supreme Court nominee "fights" bigotry and intolerance.

Murphy also paid lip-service to the rights of the Negro people, and other minorities. But what about the revivals of the Ku Klux Klan, the evidence of increasing peonage in the South, the intensified drive against the Negro's constitutional rights? Again information placed on the Attorney General's desk—and again no action to enforce the 13th, 14th and 15th Amendments.

Murphy's speech was one of revolting hypocrisy. He figured that sooner or later his words would be compared with his deeds so he tried to cover with slander against "Communism." But no one can point to the first instance of anti-Semitism "making itself felt" in the Soviet Union, whose Socialist freedom and equality for all peoples is a beacon light to mankind.

It seemed to have been a night of hypocrisy. Alfred Duff-Cooper, one of Chamberlain's war-propagandists over here, hailed British imperialism for its treatment of the Jewish people. Does Duff-Cooper think the

Jews have forgotten the monstrous betrayals and pogrom incitements which British imperialism have carried out in Palestine, the gifts of Jewish blood which Chamberlain has made to the Nazis? Even now, the wide resentment in England to the removal of Hore-Belisha expresses the fears of the people against the anti-Semitic policies of the Chamberlain set.

The real danger of bigotry lies in Murphy's own insidious activities, which are so flagrantly unfair to minority groups that even the conservative Washington Post attacked them last week. What is Murphy's pet "foreign agent" campaign against progressives except a revival of the old Ku Klux fakery of "100 per cent Americanism" decked out in new garb?

Murphy thinks so highly of the un-American Dies Committee that he has picked up its methods of smearing people in the press without giving them a hearing. But the real sentiment of the American people was expressed by more than 100 educators, scientists and writers who yesterday urged the "unqualified" discontinuance of the Dies outfit.

Murphy's demagogic speech was to present more pious assurances to the Jews, the Negroes and other minority groups, to make them think that all he's after is the "Communists." But this is the unfailing tactic of the war-seeking demagogues, as they nibble off the Bill of Rights bit by bit. Behind Murphy's sweet assurances lie the hunger and war program of Wall Street and the Administration. The people should demand that Murphy investigate Coughlin, and that his underhanded attacks against the Bill of Rights be halted right now.

Letters from Our Readers

press showing to what depths the Finnish Mannerheims have "penetrated" the U. S. S. R., where the Soviet "debacles" have taken place, etc. And wouldn't the Times, Telegram and their journalistic ilk have spread full pages of charts, figures and statistics if they had even the faintest proof of such news?

The hysteria in the capitalist press and the lengths of journalistic fakery pouring in from Helsinki, Stockholm, Paris, London and New York of "Russian defeats" is not only an expression of the debauchery and anti-Soviet motives of Wall Street. It is a warning. Hysteria often leads to open violence. The press is doing just that—their fantastic accounts are attacks not merely against the Soviet Union. They are flak attacks against the American people and a trap to slaughter them for imperialist profits in Europe and eventually into a war against the Socialist beacon for the future of humanity—the Soviet Union. M. K.

News From Finland Like 'Medieval Chronical'—

New York City.

Editor, Daily Worker:

I wonder whether it would be possible to have some military specialist (like General Yakhontov, for instance) analyze this monstrously stupid report of the annihilation of an entire division on a lake. Not that it can be taken seriously, but maybe it is necessary to stoop to an analysis in order to show up these reports for good.

An entire division on a single lake! Even people

who were never at the war fronts should realize that it sounds more like a medieval chronicle than a report of modern warfare. Since, judging by the map, this lake is one of those average lakes having about ten miles in diameter, the stupid report given by the "expert" Harold Denny is nothing less than an insult to the intelligence of the readers.

Even under normal conditions the capture or annihilation of an entire division is a difficult task. How could the Finnish guerrilla detachments, admittedly inferior in point of numbers and equipment, annihilate an entire division?

And where were the other divisions? Did this division operate as an altogether independent army unit? The battle, according to those ignoramuses, lasted eleven days. And for eleven days, this division which strangely enough did not even protect its rear in any manner, just rushing in a child-like manner into the open space of a lake, did not even notify the army of the 'disaster'?

For eleven days an army, possessing much of mechanical equipment, could not rush any assistance to a division "in distress," which was being "cut up" by the enemy. And where were the Soviet airplanes? How is it that the Finnish airplanes were permitted to do their work for eleven days, mind you, and no sign of a Soviet airplane coming to the rescue?

I really wish someone would undertake a systematic analysis of this report, which for its gross fantasies should be preserved as a classical instance of capitalist "journalism."

Questions and Answers

By
WILLIAM Z. FOSTER



Of the numerous questions received by Comrade Foster only the more important, because of space limitations, can be answered in his column. Later on the chief questions and answers will appear in pamphlet form.

EDITOR.

Question—Why do we get so many Munchausen tales from Helsinki about the great prowess of the Mannerheim Finnish Army?

Answer—Because the United States, Great Britain, France, Italy, Sweden, etc., in their eagerness to create world sentiment for a war against the Soviet Union, have gathered together in Helsinki the greatest aggregation of newspaper liars ever assembled anywhere in the history of world journalism. The stuff they are sending out as news, highly self-contradictory and utterly fantastic, is an insult to the people's intelligence. Except in the case of his idiotic anti-Semitism, not even Hitler himself has ever asked the German public to swallow such absurdities as are now flooding the wires daily from Finland.

The bourgeois correspondents seem especially anxious to create a legend of Finnish military invincibility. Daily we read of small detachments of White Guard Finns, mere handfuls in fact, demolishing huge sections of the Red Army—only to learn next day that the Finns are again destroying the same units. Yesterday, in a five-minute broadcast, a commentator recounted eight major Finnish victories for the day. In the same spirit of resounding press victories, last week Salla was captured, with the usual huge losses for the Russians; but now it appears that it is still in the hands of the Red Army, with the Finns marching victoriously against it. Often in their marvellous exploits the Finns, according to the hotel lobby strategists in Helsinki, develop wonderful military tactics—that should make Napoleon turn over in his grave. Thus, we hear they are about to capture an important town with a nut-cracker movement carried through by a Y-shaped wedge. One correspondent says a single Finn can lick ten Russians; but another writer, on the same day, raises the ante to one Finn to twenty Russians.

To hear the bourgeois news-writers tell it, the White-Guard Finns are not only invincible, but also invulnerable. In the capitalist press they never have any casualties at all. Daily reports are coming of thousands of Russians being killed; but nary a Finn ever gets killed or wounded. Since the war began I have read in vain the interminable reports from Helsinki to find any Finnish Army casualties. I have not yet found one White-Guard soldier listed as killed. But when it comes to Finnish civilians killed, especially women and children, then the aim of the Russians appears particularly fatal.

Speaking of marksmanship, the Finns seem to be all dead shots; but the Russians, despite their long years of training, can't hit a barn door. They don't even know how to handle their modern weapons. White-Guard Finns, armed only with short daggers, are more than their match. And when Finnish airplanes fly over Soviet territory they are devastatingly accurate with their bombs, never failing to cripple strategic objectives. But the Soviet airmen never do any damage, except, of course, to hospitals and workmen's dwellings. Even though there be only one hospital in the city, the Soviet airmen, with uncanny accuracy, are bound to hit it and cause heavy casualties among the sick and wounded.

Then there is the extreme cold. From the writings of the Helsinki correspondents, it would appear that the Russians, although they recently established a settlement at the North Pole and doing more work in the Arctic than all other nations combined, have never before heard of cold weather. But, of course, the cold doesn't in the least bother the doughty Finns. When I read the capitalist horror stories about the Soviet Armies freezing wholesale in their camps from the Arctic weather I am moved to wonder why they don't cut down a few trees, make fires and keep themselves warm—Finland being a heavily timbered country. But perhaps the correspondents would have us believe that the Russians don't know that wood burns, or maybe that they forgot to bring their axes and matches along.

In recent dispatches, with sadistic glee many correspondents have told us of finding the bodies of "unnumbered thousands" of Russians frozen to death, with their faces contorted into the most terrifying expressions of horror. That this particular yarn is a fabrication is proved on the face of it by the well-known fact that when a man freezes to death he is anesthetized by the cold, even if he is wounded. As the cold overcomes him he grows drowsy, his body relaxes and he falls off into fatal sleep; he has no sense whatever of horror or impending death.

Then there are the fabulous stories of the invisible white-clad Finnish ski-men, doers of military marvels. All this white-clad-ski stuff too is made to come as a great surprise to the Red Army, although it was the Red Army that invented the white uniform camouflage (and used it 20 years ago at Kronstadt), and also that the Soviet people practice skiing more than any other in the world, and the Red Army is fully equipped in this respect. Last Sunday's New York Times let the cat out of the bag on the white camouflage business, which is supposedly a Finnish device, when it showed a picture of a Red Army machine-gunner all dressed in white.

Not to be outdone by the Helsinki newspaper liars, the Hoover relief organization informs us that the number of Finnish war refugees now approaches 900,000 (one-fourth of Finland's total population), in spite of the fact that, according to the same people, the Red Army has occupied only 2 per cent of Finnish territory, and none of the large cities.

And so the lie-fest goes on day by day. The Mannerheim-Wallenius fascist-controlled Government is made to look democratic; but with greater and greater difficulty, considering its reactionary friends; the White-Guard Army is glorified and blown up to the skies; the Red Army is belittled and spat upon. There seems to be no depths of misrepresentation, no absurdities, to which the bourgeois correspondents are not sinking in their efforts to stir up anti-Soviet war spirit. Although the masses are hardly swallowing this unspeakable trash, nevertheless it all goes to show the danger of capitalist war propaganda and hysteria.

W. Z. Foster

CHANGE THE WORLD



*'To Soothe His Mind's
Distress, Though It Was
Dawn, He Studied Chess'*
By MIKE GOLD

Due to illness Mike Gold is unable to conduct his column, "Change the World." He will resume it as soon as he has recovered.

A 20th CENTURY ARABESQUE

By Gordon Kay
(Batting for Mike Gold)

To soothe his mind's distress
Though it was dawn,
He studied problem chess.
It was late
November, Nineteen thirty-nine.
Face drawn,
Starting from line to square
With eyeball veins like strips of henna,
He tried a game played in Vienna—
(Tournament of Ninety-eight).
His fingered hair
Was gray as slate.
First move—white's pawn
Advances to King's four.
In that same year
The Spanish American war
Was drawing near
Its end
But with the gold-streaked moon
He was born
In a Brooklyn flat, fourth floor,
And rear.
White castles;
Black Knight takes pawn.
Four decades since that dawn
Have come and gone,
And still the guns of war
Roar
By Westwall and by Maginot line;
While Hirohito's troops
Spawn
Corpses smeared with mud
In China's rice fields
Where thick, oiled blood
(Black castles)
Of Nippon vassals
Yields
The smell of flesh and bones . . .
(Black queen recoups)
Among the ripened tassels
The sound of dreadful moans
And groans . . .
(Look to white king's square).
Chamberlain and Daladier
(Pawns are dupes
For Knight's attack)
Debonair and cavalier,
Diplomats without peer
In Holy Wars (7) communion
Maneuver Finland's servile pack
Against the Soviet Union . . .
(White rook takes black)
And black takes back—
Tactic of sacrifice)
Battalions leave a scarlet track
On snow and ice
(White rook takes black)
Where bayonets glisten.
Listen!
Hear
The headlines crack
Loud enough to split the ear:
(Black bishop to king's rook two)
"The Red aggressor . . ."
Dear
Tiny Finland's barbarous oppressors,
Bomb civilians,
Kill babies by the millions . . .
The editors leer
And cynically sneer
(Discovered check shocks
The spectators
Sitting near)
"Get out the blocks!"
(Bishop to queen's seven)
"They'll swallow what we print,
Stupid asses,
And dream of heaven!
Our stint
Is to fool the masses . . ."
Thunderbolt!
Dupes revolt . . .
(Pawn takes queen)
Vain the lies professors
Mint,
For church bells ring
From Terjoki's steeples
Whence fled the Holy Confessors
As the Finnish peoples
Massed to sing
And shout:
"England's stooges . . . out!
It's time
To fling
Mannerheim,
That bloody fake, to the dogs,
And put his White-Guard wolves to rout!"
(Black's pieces lie like logs
Before the blades of Fate . . .
Checkmate!)

An Open Letter to Mr. Selznick

Negro Dramatist
Gives Producer
Lesson in History

Carlton Moss, the author of the accompanying open letter, is a gifted young Negro dramatist. Collaborating with the Negro composer, William Grant Still, he wrote the opera, "Blue Steel." He authored two productions for the Federal Theatre and is at present a radio script writer for the National Broadcasting Company—Editor's Note.

Dear Mr. Selznick:

Whereas "The Birth of a Nation" was a frontal attack on American history and the Negro people, "Gone With the Wind," arriving twenty years later, is a rear attack on the same. Sugar-smeared and blurred by a borschtom Hollywood love story and under the guise of presenting the South as it is in the "eyes of the Southerners," the message of GWTW emerges in its final entity as a nostalgic plea for sympathy for a still living cause of Southern reaction.

The Civil War is by no means ended in the South, Mr. Selznick. It lives on and will live on until the Negro people are completely free, until the infamous poll tax is eradicated, until the starvation and misery of millions of poor blacks and whites is wiped out, and most important, until the sons and daughters of the GWTW aristocracy, the Bilbos, the Carners, the Cotton Ed Smiths, and the Martin Dies are eliminated, together with their anti-Negro divide and rule policies.

I saw this much heralded "epic" of the old South: I saw Sherman's army pictured as a band of invaders, bent on murder, rape and plunder. (Sherman himself is never shown on the screen but his name is flashed in menacing letters against a background of ruin and there are several references to him and his army of "destruction.") I saw homes, churches, hospitals and Atlanta streets crowded with wounded and dying Confederate soldiers, while one doctor, with insufficient equipment and medicine tried vainly to aid them. I saw helpless men, women and children frantically seeking refuge from the constant cannon fire of the Union Army. I saw scores of Negroes leisurely saunter along the roads (while the whites were hurrying to escape), concerned only with the welfare of their "kind" masters. I can still see Scarlett O'Hara as though she were crying hysterically: "Give us back our liberty! Give us back our peaceful parasitic existence, you damned Yankees! Give us back our slaves to exploit! Give us back our right to trade and profit in human flesh!"

A glance at history, Mr. Selznick, will tell you that when Sherman made his heroic march to the sea, there were with him two regiments of white men from Alabama and Georgia. That throughout the war thousands of whites kept deserting to the Northern forces, while thousands of Negroes escaped across the lines to the Union Army, or became active in a general strike behind the lines. History also tells that

WNBC—Neapolitan Serenade
5:00-WMCA—News WJZ—Dance Music
WNBC—New School of Music
5:15-WJZ—Tina Turner's Musical Stories
5:30-WNBC—Public Service Hour
WQXR—Variety Concert
5:30-WABC—It Happened in Hollywood
5:45-WJZ—U. S. News
WJZ—Duties of the County Clerk
6:00-WJZ—Program from Mexico City
WJZ—Uncle Don WJZ—U. S. News
WQXR—Music to Remember
6:15-WJZ—A. P. News
WABC—Michael Loring, Song Recital
6:30-WOR—Trans-Radio News
WJZ—Listeners' Corner
WABC—News WQXR—Dinner Music
6:45-WJZ—"Little Abner"
WQXR—Dance Music
WABC—Today in Europe
WJZ—Dick Fishel, Sports Resume
7:00-WQXR—Excerpts from the Operas
WJZ—Pianissimo, Warlike Orchestra
WQXR—Stan Lomax, Sports Review
WJZ—Easy Cases
7:15-WMCA—"Free-Boy Final"
WJZ—"I Love a Mystery"
WJZ—"Mr. Kene, Tracer of Lost Persons"
7:30-WABC—"Second Husband," Helen Menken
WABC—Johannes Steel, News Commentator
WJZ—"Echoes of New York"
WJZ—Dinner Music
WQXR—Treasury of Music
7:45-WOR—Inside of Sport, Sam Baller, Commentator
8:00-WJZ—"The Aldrich Family," with Ezra Stone
WABC—"Big Town," Edward G. Robinson and Ona Munson
WJZ—Johnnie Green's Orchestra
WJZ—Dance Music
WQXR—Hilda Heggen, Song Recital
WQXR—Symphony Hall
8:15-WJZ—"Information Please"
WQXR—Morton Gould's Orchestra
WJZ—"The Pot of Gold," with Horace Heidt and His Band
WABC—"Court of Missing Ring"
8:45-WJZ—U. S. News
8:50-WJZ—Cavaliers of America, Walter Huston, Guest
WJZ—"Battle of the Sexes"
WQXR—"You're Young"
WABC—"We, the People"
WJZ—Dance Music
WQXR—Footlight Echoes
9:30-WJZ—"Meet Mr. Weeks," David McCord, Guest
WJZ—Fisher McGee and Molly
WABC—Concert in Rhythm with Raymond Scott
WJZ—Spanish Music
WJZ—Rocky, Americans and Detroit Red Wings
WQXR—Nadia Reisenberg, Pianist in Mozart Piano Concerto
9:45-WQXR—Rose Rock, Soprano
10:00-WJZ—Bob Hope, Julie Garland, Paulette Goddard
WQXR—Raymond Gram Swing, News Commentator
WABC—On with the Dance
WJZ—Roy Shields Entores
WQXR—Concert Hour
WABC—Glenn Miller, His Band and the Andrews Sisters
10:15-WOR—News from Washington
WABC—Americans at Work
Interviews with Housewives
ENCLOSURE

WNBC—Trans-Radio News
WJZ—Four Brines at 4:30
WQXR—Cleveland Institute of Music
WQXR—Music of the Moment
4:15-WABC—"Of Men and Books"
4:30-WQXR—Hour of Symphonic Music



One of the Southern Scenes Missing From "Gone With the Wind"

the southern aristocracy comprised the bulk of the Confederate Army. That Sherman's special field order No. 119 read:

"Soldiers must not enter the dwellings of the inhabitants, or commit any trespass. . . In districts and neighborhoods where the army is unmolested, no destruction of property should be permitted; but should guerrillas or bushwhackers molest our march . . . then army commanders should order and enforce a devastation more or less relentless, according to the measure of such hostility. As for horses, mules, wagons, etc., belonging to the inhabitants, the cavalry and artillery may appropriate freely and without limit, discriminating, however, between the rich, who are usually hostile, and the poor and industrious, usually neutral or friendly."

The entire casualties for the Union Army throughout this march were 103 killed and 428 wounded. Along the route, more than 25,000 Negro refugees joined the march, Sherman wrote: "One poor creature, while nobody was looking, hid two boys five years old in a wagon, intending, I suppose, that they should see the land of freedom even if she couldn't." He further wrote that he found the Negroes "simply frantic with joy." This, Mr. Selznick, certainly refutes the

myth put forward by your picture that all the people were solidly behind the Confederate cause, throughout, and that the Union Army was a ruthless gang of invaders.

If for nothing else but its distortion of the reconstruction period, GWTW ranks as a reactionary film, and there is plenty else. For years, this deliberate falsification of a progressive era in American life has been fed to the American schoolboy and to the American people through the stage and screen. The most repeated lies about the Civil War and the Reconstruction period are:

1. That the Negro didn't care about or want his freedom.
2. That he had neither the qualities nor the "finite" ability to take care of, let alone govern, himself.

In reproducing the period of Reconstruction in GWTW, you have the newly freed Negroes idly walking the streets, dressed in natty outfits, wearing jaunty loud colored derbies and exaggeratedly puffing long cigars. The Negro Union soldiers look on approvingly at street rap games while white Union officers gamble with "gentlemen prisoners" and carouse with the city's "madams." A Northerner tells a crowd of Negroes that they are going to get 40 acres and a mule. They look at him with little comprehension and no enthusiasm. In

the midst of this "after the war setting" Scarlett passes through on her way to the countryside. She is accosted by a white man who tries to rob her. Big Sam, her former slave, saves her. Following this a Negro attempts to rape her. Big Sam battles him off too. Scarlett goes home and tells her husband, and he and his friends go off to take vengeance. Where and how we are not shown, but the implication is clear. It is the justification of the KKK.

Again let us look at the actual historical facts. This is a period in American history when black men played leading roles in the state and local governments and fought vigorously for the rights not only of their newly freed brothers but for the rights of the poor whites, who, too, were denied the ballot and who were victimized by the slave-owning reactionaries. Much of the legislation of the "black parliaments" still stands. Possibly their chief remaining contribution was the establishment, for the first time, of a free public school system for the people of the South. These black parliaments would have grown and flourished, carrying out their program of greater democracy to all people regardless of color, had not Southern reaction been permitted to reorganize and consolidate its forces to crush them in their infancy. The terroristic, hooded KKK paved the way by armed struggle against the Negro population, by raiding of Negro territories, and by literal threats of death to Negroes who sat in legislative seats to which they had been legally elected. The terror of the KKK was legalized by the Southern bourgeois who slowly reaped the power, against the stiff resistance of forward thinking Negroes.

The press reports your meticulous concern for accuracy in this \$3,700,000 production. There are reasons written about how you guarded against errors such as "a misplaced you all," a petticoat of inappropriate lace, the wrong style of wigs, an error in an army uniform; no mistake, it was known, would be too small to bring indignation protests from some eagle eye in the South." You have done all this and won a clamorous applause from Mrs. Walter D. Lamar, president-general of the United Daughters of the Confederacy and the class she represents. It is also reported that you personally told a Negro organization that there would be no scenes offensive to the Negro people in the picture. Let us examine the Negro characters. I have always alluded to the lopsided treatment of the Negro people in the mass scenes. Then there's that bourbon belly-chucking, the scene with the Negro chasing the chicken, and numerous little scenes with the Negro slaves hopping up supplying "master's" wants before they are even asked for.

As to the principal Negro characters, they follow the time-worn stereotypical pattern laid down by Hollywood. There is shiftless and dull-witted Pork, Young Prissy, indolent and thoroughly irresponsible, "Big" Sam with his radiant acceptance of slavery and Mammy with her constant, haranguing and dozing on every wish of Scarlett. It is made to appear that she loves this degrading position in the service of a family that has helped to keep her people enchained for centuries. This false collection of two-dimensional Negro characters is insulting to the Negro people. Especially is this so since history provides us with such positive Negro characters as Nat Turner, Denmark Vesey, Gabriel Prosser, Denmark Vesey, Harriet Tubman, Sojourner Truth, etc., and thousands of others who participated in the operation of the Underground Railroad, unflinchingly sacrificing their lives for the eventual freedom of their people and the ultimate completion of American democracy.

For trade unions and injured workers this "important" book, as the State of Affairs has called it, is highly recommended.—L. R.

Very truly yours,
CARLTON MOSS.

'They Wanted Peace' Is Pictorial History

THEY WANTED PEACE, presented by Amkino. Directed by Chisarell. Produced by Tbilisi Film Studio, Georgia, U.S.S.R.

By David Platt

"They Wanted Peace," produced by the Tbilisi Film Studios of Georgia, U.S.S.R., is another fascinating dramatization of the history of the October Revolution. The period covered in this vigorously directed and enacted film is between June and October, 1917. The Provisional Government is in power. The Russian army, having suffered defeat after defeat through fraud, deceit, stupidity and betrayal, is in a virtual state of collapse. German and Russian soldiers are fraternizing at the front and being shot down by officers on both sides. The Bolshevik Party in line with the decisions of the April Conference is working to win the masses over to the Socialist Revolution.

Portrayals of Lenin, Stalin

Director M. Chisarell and a cast which includes Gelovani's—marked by a white man who tries to rob her. Big Sam, her former slave, saves her. Following this a Negro attempts to rape her. Big Sam battles him off too. Scarlett goes home and tells her husband, and he and his friends go off to take vengeance. Where and how we are not shown, but the implication is clear. It is the justification of the KKK.

Clumsy Albert Thomas, leader of the Second Socialist International, has come to Russia as an agent of the French bourgeoisie but the generals are worried because they cannot get the soldiers to attack. The film shows the officers pleading with the men to take a vote on the question. So a meeting is held. It is quite a meeting. An anarchist gets up to say that he fought the czar with his hands and yes—bombs—but that now he is in a uniform because it is the final conflict between Slavs and Teutons. A peasant rises to report that if the Caucasian attack the Chechens will attack too. "If they won't, neither will we." Another soldier reads slowly from Pravda: "We are opposed to this war which was initiated by a handful of rich people."

The scenes of fraternization between German and Russian soldiers are unforgettable. The Bolsheviks are now show the only way to

stop the bloody imperialist war. The film shifts to Petrograd. The first all-Russian Congress of Soviets is in session. The Bolsheviks are still a small minority. Terrell, Kerenky's Minister of War, of Post and Telegraph, has the floor: "There is no one Party here that can take power itself and lead the country out of anarchy." A powerful voice electrifies the audience with words that strike terror in the hearts of the bourgeoisie: "There is such a Party! It is Lenin's voice. 'The Party of the Bolsheviks.'"

Influence of Bolsheviks Grows

Lenin now enters the picture and stays there to the end. The influence of the Bolsheviks grows from day to day. Kerenky, desperately afraid that power is passing from him to the Soviets, orders troops out against the July demonstrators. While the marchers are being mowed down by machine guns "Pravda" is declared illegal and Lenin is forced into hiding. A highlight of the film shows Stalin discussing Lenin's arrest with two delegates to the 7th Party Congress. The delegates want Lenin to stand trial, Stalin puffing on his pipe reminds the gentlemen that there is only one Lenin and we cannot afford to take chances. Lenin holding a cup of tea in the next room overhears and makes a gesture which draws laughter from the audience. The delegates ask for Lenin's new address. "As long as you don't know his address, he'll be quite safe," replies Stalin. Undaunted they want to know which way Lenin and Stalin are going. "Which way are you going?" asks Stalin. "To the right," is the answer. Stalin hesitates a moment, then says, "we're going straight," and he makes a forward motion with his hand.

There is a romance between the nurse and Gudushauri which Lenin, disguised as Dr. Ulanov, in charming fashion, helped along. "They Wanted Peace" is superb re-enactment of history and in these days of imperialist war films, offers a stirring message of liberty and peace to all mankind. The film ends with the Cruiser Aurora unloading a barrage of shellfire on the Winter Palace and it is the dawn of a new day.

Artists Accept A.L.P. Bid For Closer Cooperation

A group of New York artists has accepted an invitation of the American Labor Party and formed itself into a committee to work with the organization for closer cooperation between the artists and the ALP. Harry Gottlieb accepted the chairmanship of the committee. Elizabeth Olds was elected to head the exhibition committee and she has already announced that a show of the works of the artists will be opened on Jan. 22 at 77 Fifth Ave., 10th A.D. headquarters of the American Labor Party. A symposium dealing with art and artists' political affiliations will be held this month.

Included among those who participated in the conferences were Harry Gottlieb, Elizabeth Olds, Philip Evergood, Milton Harkavy, Judson Briggs, Maurice Gluckman, Louis Lomax, Morris Newirth, Bennett Buck, Morris Shulman, Herbert and Henry Kallem, Max Frankel, Reginald Marsh, Ruth Green Harris, Jerome Klein, and Elizabeth McCausland.

Exponent of Dies Methods

The attacks on artists for painting the subjects they understand most has been going on for some time. Some of the art critics are a little more subtle than Henry McBride, but no less vicious. Mr. McBride never misses an opportunity to call for deportation of all artists with progressive viewpoints. Last Saturday he went out of his way to deliver himself of the following dictum: "So many of our artists are concerned only with what they consider to be American mistakes that one ends by wondering why they came here in the first place; or if they feel that way about it, why don't they go back where they came from?"

Opening at Whitney Museum

This week promises to be an exciting one here. The Whitney Museum of American Art is opening its 1940 Annual Exhibition of Contemporary American Art, which is an event always certain to cause a good deal of discussion. Work by David Siqueiros is coming to the Pierre Matisse Gallery. . . Paintings by David and Ingres will be on view at Knoedler's. . . Other exhibitions opening this week include sculpture by Robert Crum-mach at the Hudson-Walker Gallery. This is a first one-man show by a very talented artist. . . Paintings by Joseph Solman are shown at the Neumann-Willard

MOTION PICTURE

A Revolutionary Soviet Film of men who fought for peace! AMKINO presents

"THEY WANTED PEACE"

Also 1st Complete Newsreel "OCTOBER CELEBRATION 1937"

CAMEO 42 ST. E. of 25th 2:30 P.M. 5:15 P.M. 8:15 P.M. 10:15 P.M.

ACADEMY OF MUSIC TODAY AND WEDNESDAY "SABOTAGE" with ARLEN WHITMAN "NANCY DREW and the HIDDEN STAIRCASE" Extra: THE MONROE DOCTRINE

JEFFERSON Today and Tomorrow Boris KARLOFF - Marjorie REYNOLDS "Mr. Wong in Chinatown" Also: William Boyd - Sidney Toler "Law of the Pampas"

THE STAGE LAST WEEK! TALLULAH BANKHEAD in THE LITTLE FOXES LILLIAN HELLMAN's Dramatic Triumph NATIONAL Theatre, W. 43 St. 7:30 P.M. 9:30 P.M. 11:30 P.M. 1:30 P.M. 3:30 P.M. 5:30 P.M. 7:30 P.M. 9:30 P.M. 11:30 P.M.

Edna Ferber Is Guest on 'Information Please,' 8:30

Edna Ferber is guest on "Information Please," over WJZ at 8:30 tonight. . . Paulette Goddard is guest of Bob Hope over WEAF at 10 P.M.

SHORTWAVE BAND
Radio Center, Moscow, 7:30 P.M., 6:30, 8:00, 12:00, 10:00 M.
MORNING
9:00-WNYC—Masterwork Hour, Tchaikovsky Centennial Series
WEAF—Condensed News
WJZ—Woman of Tomorrow
WQXR—Composers' Hour
9:30-WJZ—News About Women
9:45-WABC—American School of the Air, American Folk Music
9:50-WJZ—Breakfast Club
9:55-WJZ—U. S. News
10:00-WNYC—Travel Hour WMCA—News
10:15-WNYC—School for Listeners, Spanish
10:30-WJZ—Polly the Shopper
11:00-WNYC—News; Latest Food Prices
WMCA—Program for Women
WQXR—Hour of Request Music
11:15-WNYC—School for Listeners, Program for Junior High Schools
11:45-WNYC—"You and Your Health"
12:00-WJZ—U. S. News
WNYC—Midday Symphony
12:15-WNYC—David Lowe, News of Stage and Screen
12:30-WJZ—U. S. News

10:30-WOR—Trans-Radio News
WJZ—"Microphone in the Sky"
WJZ—National Farm-House Hour
10:45-WJZ—Condensed News
WQXR—Composers' Hour
11:00-WNYC—Torchball Club Luncheon, Otto Preminger Discusses Theatre
11:15-WNYC—News
WNYC—Municipal Concert
11:30-WNYC—"Woman as Teacher"
11:45-WNYC—U. S. News
WNYC—American Citizenship Court, WPA Program
11:50-WNYC—Army Band Concert
12:00-WNYC—News
12:15-WNYC—World's Fairst Music
12:30-WNYC—Lullaby Red School House, WPA Program WABC—News
12:45-WNYC—News
12:50-WNYC—World's Fairst Music
1:00-WNYC—Torchball Club Luncheon, Cincinnati Symphony in Another of the Monthly Young People's Concerts
1:15-WNYC—Trans-Radio News
WNYC—Four Brines at 4:30
WQXR—Cleveland Institute of Music
WQXR—Music of the Moment
4:15-WABC—"Of Men and Books"
4:30-WQXR—Hour of Symphonic Music

On The Score Board

Things About Sports You May Not Know

By Lester Rodney

These are more or less dog days for sports columnists, with baseball quiet, football finished and nothing very exciting happening in boxing. So suppose we throw a lot of general information at you today—stuff you may or may not know—and call it a column. Frinstance...

BASEBALL.—You must know by now that an old gentleman named Abner Doubleday, of Cooperstown, New York, devised the first scheme for the playing of our national pastime—100 years ago—but you didn't know that—

Professionalization began in 1863 with the Brooklyn players (not yet known as the dear old Dodgers) SHARING IN THE GATE RECEIPTS. Which would indicate that some of the earlier features that were dropped with the mittless catcher and the 21 run victory might well have been worth considering for retention.

The game became very popular with the farmers of the midwest around 1840 (before the days of mortgages and tenant farmers). Matter of fact, when the committee notified Abraham Lincoln of his nomination for President, he was playing ball and it was only the fifth inning.

"Tell the gentlemen I am glad to hear of their coming but they will have to wait a few minutes till I make another base hit!"

Other baseball items of interest: The first organized match game was on January 19, 1876 at Hoboken, with the New York team beating the Hoboken 23 to 1. So that's where the Yankees stem from!

Curious Matheson, one of the great pitchers of all time, invented the "fadeaway" ball, a dropping outcrop now mastered by many... Ty Cobb is generally credited with having made batting a science, pulling inside pitches to right, pumping outside serves to left, etc... Jimmy Ryan hit a baseball at Staten Island, New York, and it landed in England—the ball alighted on a ship's deck and was carried to Liverpool.

Baseball seems to be peculiarly adapted for America, for it is the least international of games...

BASKETBALL.—was invented by the late Dr. Naismith, an instructor in a YMCA training school at Springfield, Mass., in 1892. Peach baskets were strung up at either end of the court and a ladder was handy for the ref to climb up on and get the ball out for resumption of play... Was ten years till someone thought of knocking out the bottom of the basket to let the ball come through and from there it developed to our present streamlined basket... Imagine a referee in a Stanford game having to climb a ladder every time Hank Lussitelli threw one up! Might as well perch the ref in the basket...

Basketball is considered the first deliberately invented game to become a success—it had no rough, spontaneous beginnings to tie up together in a formula such as baseball and football had... it wasn't too popular at first, but now there are more participants in it than in any other American sport—trade unions go in for it big—Office Workers team of New York Labor champs for 1933—L.I.U. tops in college ranks and Jersey City Reds (no kidding) professional champs.

BOXING. of course, is as old as man... the sock on the jaw was as much a part of the stone age as it is of the Cagney movie...

One of the earliest pugilists on record was Hercules, the mighty heavyweight of Greek mythology—(Tony Galento says: "Who'd he ever lick?")... Bouts to the death were the "Caestus," fought in the arenas of Greece and Rome with spiked iron mitts.

And the first ringside report of a prize fight was written in 1184 B.C. by Homer... wouldn't the city editors dive for his services now...

But modern prize fighting in the more humane sense (more or less humane) originated in England where James Figg, champion of 1719, was the first fighter to bring real system into the ring... he attained great popularity and was painted by Hogarth, celebrated artist of the day...

A Mr. John Jackson is remembered as England's most romantic and popular fighter, though he only fought three times... they say he walked in right off a farm and knocked the reigning sensation kicking in an altercation in the street... (the latter was NOT Phil Scott).

AND Lord Byron (whose works might be rediscovered these days of Chamberlain for a real and flaming devotion to democracy and a belief in the destiny of man), had aspirations toward becoming a pugilist and took lessons in his youth from Jackson. In his "Hints From Horace," he wrote—

"And men unpracticed in exchanging knocks must go to Jackson ere they dare to box."

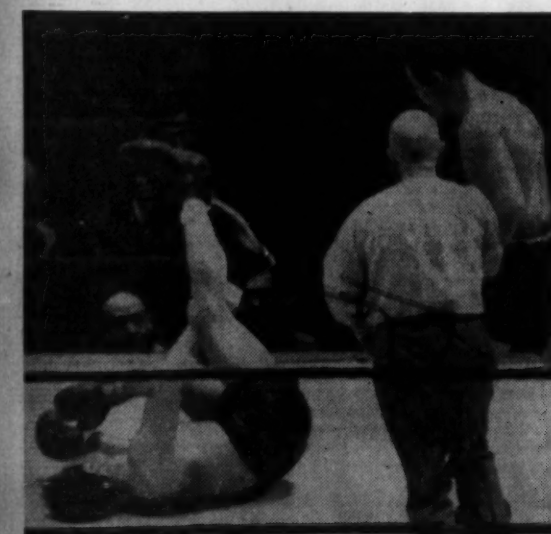
John L. Sullivan, the great first champ who would fight any gentleman but doubtful parenage in the house, put up the longest fight of modern heavyweight championship history when he beat Jake Kilrain on July 8, 1889 in 75 rounds—with bare knuckles... and they talk about some of the boys being gauged for 10 rounds today—NOT 12...

James J. Corbett is considered the master boxer of all time, but opps—this is leading back to that old Daily Worker staff feud again—Art Shields likes Jack Johnson, MacSorely likes Fitzsimmons, Johnny Meldon, Jack Dempsey—and to get out of danger there were

TWO Jack Dempseys, and the first, the "Nonpareil" fought over 60 matches and was NEVER defeated... he died a pauper's death in 1895—too bad Tex Rickard wasn't around in his time.

And a lot more of this on other sports if anyone insists... or even if they don't... for these ARE the dog days for sports columns.

When Apostoli Hit Bettina And Bettina Hit the Deck



WHAT'S ON

RATES: What's On notices for the Daily and Sunday Worker are 50¢ per line (6 words to a line—3 lines minimum). DEADLINE: Daily at 12 Noon. For Sunday, 5 P.M. Friday.

Tonight

EAST SIDE DRAMATIC Group presents "Room-Boon, Clopper." Neighborhood Playhouse, 465 Grand St., NYC. 8-10 P.M. 5 ticket performances, Jan. 10-14.

Tomorrow

SKIN MAKERS LOCAL 21, ILOUW Bank and Film Members Local 21, Im-

portant—Attend Meeting Wed. Jan. 10, after work. 224 West 40th St. 8 P.M. Urgent questions taken up. Be on time.

SCHOOL REGISTRATION

WORKERS SCHOOL—Winter term has begun. You still can register this week for classes. 25 E. 12th St., Room 301, 10 A.M. to 10 P.M.

SOCIAL DANCE GROUP—Recognized workers school for Ballroom Dancing. Waits, Potro, Tanso, etc. 68 Fifth Ave. Studio 5-B. OR. 7-3225. Miriam Pallas. Registration 2-10 P.M.

DAILY WORKER SPORTS

NEW YORK TUESDAY, JANUARY 9, 1940

Furriers, Office Workers End 1st Half Tied for Labor Lead

Joint Council Beats Cleaners and Dyers, Office Boys Thump TWU as Season Resumes—1st Half Playoffs Saturday

By Sam Blender

The two-week Christmas lay-off didn't do the teams of the Trade Union Basketball League any harm for they resumed play last Saturday night at the Labor Sports Center and furnished thrills aplenty to the overflow crowd of labor sports fans.

In league "A" the Furriers Joint Council came back from their defeat at the hands of the Office Workers Union to defeat the team that had earlier in the season the Office Workers, the Cleaners and Dyers by a 25 to 19 score. The United Wholesale and Warehousemen downed the Building Service Five 3 to 19 and the United Office and Professional Workers took the Transport Workers 40 to 24.

In league "B" the Cafeteria Workers won by a forfeit from the Cooks and Pastry Cooks and the Fur Floor Boys defeated the Fur and Leather Workers 27 to 19.

Lennie Feuer won his second tough game for the Furriers; against the Warehousemen. Feuer carried the play to the lead away from and last Saturday he was sent into the game in the last period to pull a Frank Merrill who at his eight points served up a game that had seemed lost.

FEUER CLICKS AGAIN

At the end of the first quarter the Furriers had an 8 to 6 lead in the second, it was 12-11 for the Furriers. The third was a hard frame, the Cleaners took the lead when they came up with three points while the Furriers went scoreless. In the final, up until four minutes were left to play the score was 15-14 for the Cleaners and then Feuer started shooting and it was all over. Earl Washington of the Cleaners was the game's high scorer with 9. Horn, a newcomer with the Furriers played a nice first game and sank 7 points.

The Warehouse-Building Service game was a hard game to lose. In the first three periods it was anybody's game as the usual good shot makers on both teams were off on their shots from way out. But the game itself was a honey for action. The play was close and exciting. At the end of the first frame the Warehousemen had a 6-3 lead, the second ended with an 11 to 9 lead for them and the third ended 19-16 their favor.

In the final period they put the game on ice as they scored 11 big points against 3 for the Building Five. Wierak of the Builders was high for the evening with eight while Schwartz was high for the victors with seven. In the last minutes of the game Marty Schwartz won a starting place on the team for himself with his fighting play while his 6 points clinched the game.

OFFICE 'P' PULLS AWAY

The first period in the Office Workers-Transport Workers game was truly amazing as the teams deadlocked at 6 all. The crowd sensed an upset and started to cheer for the Transporters but in the second quarter the Office Boys staged one of their power shows to sew up the game at this early stage. It was 20 to 8 at the half.

From here on in the Office Workers took it easy although the Transporters played their hearts out to make a game of it. The third quarter ended 28-14 and in the last quarter when Turnock and Bayerle started scoring the Office Workers led by Mucha matched them point for point and even scored two more points than they. It was 40 to 24 at the final whistle.

For the losers Bayerle was high with 1 and Turnock had 6. For the winners Lotaky and Mucha had 10 and Wallach and Hollander each came up with 8.

The playoffs for the first-half championships will be played this Saturday night at the Labor Sports Center at Grand and Essex Sts. In league "A" the Furriers Joint Council are tied with the Office Workers for first place, and in league "B" the Fur Floor Boys are tied with the Fur and Leather Workers for the lead.

Labor Standings

LEAGUE A			
Team	W	L	Pct.
Furriers	4	1	.800
Office Workers	4	1	.800
Cleaners-Dyers	3	2	.600
Warehousemen	2	3	.400
Building Service	1	4	.200
Transport Workers	1	4	.200

LEAGUE B			
Team	W	L	Pct.
Fur-Floor Workers	4	1	.800
Cafeteria Workers	4	1	.800
Cooks, Pastry Cooks	1	4	.200
Cafeteria Workers	1	4	.200

* Postponed game to be played Sat., Jan. 13th.

COURT NOTES

St. John's Friday opponent at the Garden has the best record of any eastern club against the far-western gooliath, Ernie Messikomer, 25-year-old Temple coach, has led his Owls to victories over Texas and Oklahoma U., both Garden winners, losing only to Southern California in a close game. Messikomer is strictly an eastern-type coach, teaching man-to-man defense, two-handed shooting and smart ball-handling.

Temple has not lost to a New York team since NYU turned the trick in 1935... St. John's takes a vacation from practice today... Coach Lapchick feels that the Red-men have reached their peak and need a training break before meeting the powerful Temple Owls... Temple goes against the New Mexico Aggies, slated to meet LIU in final contest of Friday's Garden show, tomorrow in Philly... City College faces St. Joseph's in the opener at Convention Hall... Manhattan may ride the NYU-Columbia surge to take Brooklyn, also scheduled for tomorrow night.

Starts Training



Champion Joe Louis is getting set at Pompton Lakes for his bout with Arturo Godoy.



CHESTER RIGO, popular young Bronx lightweight who has won 24 of his 25 professional starts, takes a long step upward tonight when he faces the dangerous and highly ranked Primo Flores in an eight round co-feature at the Coliseum. Chester will be the underdog, but says he expects his superior boxing skill to give him the win. The other feature at the Bronx emporium presents the touted Belgian middleweight Bep Van Klaveren, who has beaten champ Garcia, against Ernie Vigh, Newburgh kayo artist with promise.

A Negative Vote on Paul Mooney's No-Backboard Idea

Columbia Coach Would Help the Little Man, But Change Would Slow Down Scoring, Complicate Things

By Bernie Stephens

Columbia Coach Paul Mooney has craved again on a subject close to the hearts of basketball mentors who have pint-sized material to work with. Mooney advocates the removal of backboards to give the little man a break.

Since so fundamental change in the nature of the game would wreak havoc with present methods of play, we'll take time out for a moment to treat the various changes that would come to pass if backboards were removed.

To begin with, let's analyze Mooney's reasons for the proposal. Would a solitary hoop, suspended in midair, tend to neutralize the height of the giants now playing the game? It appears that Mooney is correct on this score. An end to lay-ups and backboard rebounds would mean an end to the present advantages going with long legs and long arms.

But we can't end with the favorable phases of the plan. Too many disadvantages crop up that must be considered.

First, a probable lowering in the amount of scoring would result, since the present dependence on the backboard for lay-ups and angle shots would be at an end. To score, perfect accuracy would be required, from all points of the court. This, of course, is aiding the small player, as Coach Mooney desires, but any step to cut scoring would hurt crowd appeal.

Recent changes in the basketball rules have all tended to increase

said appeal. Elimination of the center jump was a move to speed up the game and increase scoring (while at the same time helping the small player). The ten and three second rulings, the first to prevent "freezing" by a team with a small lead, the second to eliminate the awkward stalemates in the "bucket" zone, were both designed to make a more colorful, speedier spectacle for onlookers to enjoy. Any change that slowed scoring tempo would be highly unpopular.

Other disadvantages come to mind. Outside balls would increase tremendously, again causing a general slowing up of the game. Overshooting the basket would mean an out-of-bounds ball for the defensive team. Thus, the offensive club is faced with the choice of risking loss of possession or with careful, under-the-basket play. Players would be very sparing with set-shots and one-handed losses as a result, and another colorful phase of the game would be lost.

Mooney's proposal seems to fall short of helping basketball, although the little fellow does need a break.

Frisch Signs Davis

Catcher Virgil Davis, first acquisition under Frankie Frisch, has returned his signed contract to the Pirate front office. Spud was bought from the Phillies, where he batted .307 last year.

Kenny Stars in Debut as Pro In Los Angeles

LOS ANGELES.—A large crowd cheered Kenny Washington, UCLA's great Negro All-American back, as he made his debut as a professional with the Los Angeles All-Stars, a newly-formed group of college stars.

And he delivered as usual, even though the well-organized Los Angeles Bulldogs, crack pro team, were too much for the Stars to the tune of 22-6.

Kenny set up the lone Star touchdown with a brilliant 36-yard pass on the run to Vic Bottari, former University of California ace, and then crashed through the Bulldogs for 18 yards and the touchdown that set the crowd wild.

He was easily the outstanding player on the field, though the Bulldogs had too much power and precision for the Stars. The All-Stars expect to strengthen themselves and play several more games on a tour of the Coast.

Met Standings and Leading Scorers

TEAM RECORDS			
Team	W	L	Pct.
N. Y. U.	10	0	.418
L. I. U.	10	0	.418
St. John's	6	1	.285
Brooklyn	6	1	.285
St. Francis	5	1	.250
Manhattan	5	2	.217
Fordham	4	3	.239
Columbia	3	3	.174
C. C. N. Y.	3	4	.174

INDIVIDUAL SCORING			
Player	W	L	Pct.
Labellio, L. I. U.	11	84	27
King, L. I. U.	11	47	16
Schwartz, L. I. U.	11	44	20
Schachtman, L. I. U.	10	40	18
Sarullo, Manhattan	8	38	9
Kaplowitz, N. Y. U.	7	33	13
Lewis, N. Y. U.	7	24	10
Shelly, L. I. U.	11	28	14
Kravetz, Manhattan	8	25	17
Simon, L. I. U.	11	29	8
Haggerty, St. John's	7	27	9
Corroll, Fordham	7	23	16
Sevens, N. Y. U.	7	24	10
Flanagan, Manhattan	7	23	18
Ansbach, N. Y. U.	7	22	10
White, St. John's	7	22	10
Kasper, Brooklyn	7	22	8
Myers, Columbia	5	21	9
Albert, St. John's	7	20	17
O'Neill, St. Francis	6	19	8

3 DiMags Out for Big Year

Spring training is still some five weeks away, but out San Francisco way there are three DiMaggio brothers who are already watching their food a bit more carefully. Brother Joe is already the greatest ball player in the land. Brother



JOE AND DOM

Clinton, Bronx Leaders, Loses to Stuyvesant

In a non-PSAL tilt yesterday, a strong defensive Stuyvesant team downed Clinton 29-21. Trailing 15 to 5 at the half, the Clinton five attempted in vain to pass the powerful Red and Blue defense. Eddie Brembs again led the Clinton attack with 9, while his team-mate Danny Kraus played a brilliant floor game. Pacing the victors was Monroe "Chill" Edelstein with 11 points.

In its final PSAL game of the season last Friday the undefeated Clinton five retained its lead in the Upper Manhattan-Bronx division, by downing a classy Roosevelt quintet 36-34. Ed Brembs led the Clinton array with 1 points, while Sureck tallied 13 for the losers.

Kercheval Quits

Ralph Kercheval, kicking sensation of the professional football Dodgers for the past six years, has quit the team for his off-season work breeding horses down on the blue grass of Kentucky. Kercheval is a Dodger mainstay ever since joining the club, and his long accurate punts and field goals will be missed by the team across the bridge.

Reds and Phils Upset the N. L. Dope on Winning Those 1-Run Victories

"The club that wins the close ones wins the pennant."

This ancient baseball angle didn't pay off in the National League's 1939 pennant fight but it didn't miss by much. The St. Louis Cardinals, far and away the one-run decision champions of the senior major league, came close enough to the pennant to make the September drive true to the old league's choicest tradition—a close race thrillingly decided in the season's last week.

Ray Blades' Cards, who won more one-run victories than any rival outfit, finished a fast and furious second to the champion Reds. The Dodgers and Cubs, divided by only a half-game margin at the close of their private third-place fight, ranked second and third in the

one-run league percentage tables. To that extent the compilation of one-run decisions in the National League's Centennial Year race held true, to the time-honored baseball saw.

The close-race tradition of the National League captured a total turnstile vote in 1939 that showed an impressive margin of gain over even the bumper 1938 figures. The keenness of competition showed also in the figures on the scoreboard throughout the year.

There were 6 tie games, games in which darkness or rain or the Sunday closing laws made the embroiled legions draw stumps without either side gaining the decision. Of the 616 games played, no less than 180 were decided by a one-run margin. One of the tie games—Brook-

lyn vs. Boston, on June 27—battled all the way to the end of the 23rd inning to stand as the year's prize plum in the way of hard-fought evenly-contested combats.

The old proverb about close-wins deciding the pennant look quite a kicking around, however, from two National League clubs—the Alpha and Omega. Incidentally—champion Reds and talent Phils.

The Reds won 97 games in capturing the flag, but only 21 of them were by one-run margins. The Cincy system was to win their games with something to spare. The all-around class of the Reds was illustrated by the fact that their percentage of defeats by a single tally was greater than that of any rival club. About 44 per cent of all their lost games during the year

saw them nosed out by the slimmest possible edge.

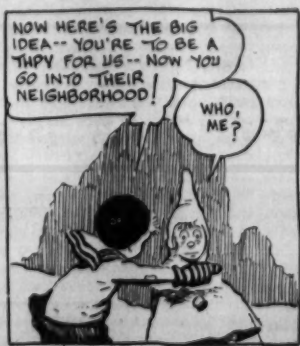
The Phils, on the other hand, ranked up in the first division sunshine as far as the one-run league is concerned, though they lost 106 games during the year against 45 wins. The tallenders figured in 50 one-run decisions in the course of the season and broke exactly even. Since they won 25 of their 45 victories by one-run, they finished far out in front when you line up their total victories against their one-run losses, just 5-9 of their triumphs coming by one-run margins.

The Boston Bees, with their tight pitching and strong defense, played more one-run games than any other club, a total of 52. The fact that about 35 per cent of the Sten-gelers' defeats last year—more than

one-third—were lost by the margin of a single run indicates how valuable just a little more power in the batting order would have been, maybe the difference between 7th place and a perch up there in the first division.

The One-run League statistics high-lighted the Chicago Cubs as paragons of consistency. Their 24-20 percentage in the close game exactly coincided with the 84-70 percentage which left them a half-game short of third place at the season's close. The relation of their one-run wins to their total wins was the same as in the case of their defeats. Two out of every nine victories they won were one-run decisions; 2 out of every 9 defeats they suffered were by the same minimal margin.

LITTLE LEFTY



by del